### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

#### **FORM 10-K**

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO

Commission File Number 000-5734

### AGILYSYS, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its Charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 3655 Brookside Parkway, Suite 300

Alpharetta, Georgia

(Address of principal executive offices)

34-0907152 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

> 30022 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (770) 810-7800

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

	Trading	
Title of each class	Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, without par value	AGYS	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. YES 🗆 🛛 NO 🗵

Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. YES 🗆 NO 🛛

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES 🛛 NO 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit such files). YES NO D

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated filer	$\boxtimes$	Accelerated filer	
Non-Accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
Emerging growth company			

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES 🗆 NO 🗵

The aggregate market value of Common Shares held by non-affiliates as of September 30, 2024, was \$2,379,781,773.

The number of shares of Registrant's Common Stock outstanding as of May 16, 2025 was 28,017,312.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's definitive Proxy Statement to be used in connection with its 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareholders will be incorporated by reference into Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Such Proxy Statement, or an amendment to this Report, will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year to which this Report relates.

#### AGILYSYS, INC. Annual Report on Form 10-K Year Ended March 31, 2025

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#### Forward Looking Information

This Annual Report and other publicly available documents, including the documents incorporated herein and therein by reference, contain, and our officers and representatives may from time to time make, "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include, but are not limited to, statements related to our current expectations, the performance of our business, our financial results, our liquidity and capital resources and other non-historical statements. Forward-looking statements can be identified by words such as: "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "goal," "seek," "believe," "project," "outlook," "forecast," "preliminary," "estimate," "expect," "strategy," "future," "likely," "may," "would," "could," "should," "will" and similar references to future periods. Forward-looking statements are neither historical facts nor assurances of future performance. Instead, they are based only on our current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding the future of our business. future plans and strategies, projections, anticipated events and trends, the economy and other future conditions. Because forward-looking statements relate to the future, they are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict, and in many cases, are outside of our control. Our actual results and financial condition may differ materially from those indicated herein and in other filings and statements. Therefore, you should not rely on any of these forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause our actual results and financial condition to differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements include, among others, our ability to achieve operational efficiencies and meet customer demand for products and services as well as the other risks identified in the risk factors set forth in Item 1A of this Annual Report. Any forward-looking statement made by us in this Annual Report is based only on information currently available to us and speaks only as of the date on which it is made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement made in this Annual Report or any other forward-looking statement that may be made from time to time, whether written or oral, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

#### Part I

#### Item 1. Business.

#### Overview

Agilysys has been a leader in hospitality software for more than 45 years, delivering innovative cloud-native SaaS and onpremise solutions for hotels, resorts, cruise lines, casinos, corporate foodservice management, restaurants, universities, stadiums, and healthcare facilities. The Company's software solutions include point-of-sale (POS), property management (PMS), inventory and procurement, payments, and related applications that manage and enhance the entire guest journey. Agilysys also is known for its world-class customer-centric service. Many of the top hospitality companies around the world use Agilysys solutions to improve guest loyalty, drive revenue growth, and increase operational efficiencies. Agilysys operates across North America, Europe, the Middle East, Asia-Pacific, and India, with headquarters in Alpharetta, GA.

The Company has one reportable segment serving the global hospitality industry.

Our principal executive offices are located at 3655 Brookside Parkway, Suite 300, Alpharetta, Georgia, 30022.

Reference herein to any particular year or quarter refers to periods within our fiscal year ended March 31. For example, fiscal 2025 refers to the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025.

#### **History and Significant Events**

Organized in 1963 as Pioneer-Standard Electronics, Inc., an Ohio corporation, we began operations as a distributor of electronic components and, later, enterprise computer solutions. Exiting the former business in fiscal 2003 with the sale of our Industrial Electronic Division, we used the proceeds to reduce debt and fund growth of our enterprise solutions business. This included acquiring businesses focused on higher-margin and more specialized solutions for the hospitality and retail industries. At the same time, we changed our name to Agilysys, Inc.

In fiscal 2004, we acquired Inter-American Data, Inc., which allowed us to become the leading developer and provider of technology solutions for hotel property management and inventory management in the casino and resort industries.

In fiscal 2007, we exited the enterprise computer distribution business. We used the proceeds from that sale to return cash to shareholders and fund a number of acquisitions that broadened our solutions and capabilities portfolios. We acquired InfoGenesis, Inc., Visual One Systems Corp. and Eatec Corporation in fiscal 2008, significantly expanding our specialized offerings to the hospitality industry through enterprise-class POS, PMS and inventory and procurement software solutions tailored for a variety of applications in cruise, golf, spa, gaming, lodging, resort and catering. These offerings feature highly intuitive, secure and robust solutions, easily scalable across multiple departments and/or property locations.

In fiscal 2012, we sold our IT solutions business and restructured our business model to focus on higher-margin, profitable growth opportunities in the hospitality and retail sectors. We also reduced our real-estate footprint and lowered overhead costs by relocating corporate services from Solon, Ohio to Alpharetta, Georgia, thus moving our senior management team closer to our remaining operating units.

In fiscal 2014, we sold our retail solutions and services business to Kyrus Solutions, Inc. (Kyrus), an affiliate of Clearlake Capital Group, L.P. Following completion of the transaction, our business focused exclusively on hospitality solutions and the growth opportunities in the hospitality market.

In fiscal 2018, we opened a software development center in Chennai, India, to supplement our product development efforts.

We converted to a Delaware corporation in February 2022.

Today, we are focused on providing state-of-the-art, end-to-end solutions that enhance guest and staff experiences and assist our customers in promoting their brands. We help our customers win the guest recruitment battle and, in turn, grow revenue, reduce costs and increase efficiency. This is accomplished by developing and deploying innovative solutions that increase data speed and accuracy, integrate with other enterprise systems and create a common infrastructure for managing guest data thereby enabling more effective management, intelligent upselling, reduced shrinkage, improved brand recognition and better control of the guest relationship.

Our strategy is to increase the proportion of revenue we derive from subscription services, cloud applications, ongoing support and maintenance agreements, and professional services.

#### **Products, Support and Professional Services**

We are a leading developer and marketer of software-enabled solutions and services to the hospitality industry, including software solutions fully integrated with third party hardware and operating systems; subscription and maintenance; and professional services. Areas of specialization are point of sale, property management, and a broad range of solutions that support the ecosystem of these core solutions.

We present revenue and costs of goods sold in three categories:

- Products
- Subscription and maintenance
- Professional services

Total revenue for these three specific areas is as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,							
(In thousands)		2025		2024		2023		
Products	\$	41,324	\$	49,083	\$	43,638		
Subscription and maintenance		170,051		138,069		118,285		
Professional services		64,249		50,312		36,142		
Total	\$	275,624	\$	237,464	\$	198,065		

*Products:* Products revenue is comprised of revenue from the sale of software along with third party hardware and operating systems. Software sales include up front revenue for licensing our solutions on a perpetual basis. Software sales are driven by our solutions' ability to help customers meet the demands of their guests and improve operating efficiencies. Our software revenue is also driven by the ability of our customers to configure our solutions for their specific needs and the robust catalog of integrations we offer to third party solutions. Our software solutions require varying form factors of third party hardware and operating systems to operate, such as staff facing terminals, kiosk solutions, mobile tablets or servers. Third party hardware and operating system revenue is typically driven by new customer wins and existing customer hardware refresh purchases.

*Subscription and Maintenance:* Software subscription and maintenance services are a significant portion of our consolidated revenue and typically generate higher profit margins than products revenue. Growth has been driven by a strategic focus on developing and promoting end-to-end solutions while market demand for innovative new products addressing specific hospitality needs continues to reinforce this trend. Our commitment to exceptional service has enabled us to become a trusted partner with customers who wish to optimize the level of service they provide to their guests and maximize commerce opportunities both on premise and in the cloud.

*Professional Services:* We have industry-leading expertise in designing, implementing, integrating and installing customized solutions into both traditional and newly created platforms. For existing enterprises, we seamlessly integrate new systems and for start-ups and fast-growing customers, we become a partner that can manage large-scale rollouts and tight construction schedules. Our extensive experience ranges from staging equipment to phased rollouts as well as training staff to provide operational expertise to help achieve maximum effectiveness and efficiencies in a manner that saves our customers time and money.

#### Our portfolio of hospitality software solutions:

The hospitality industry has long been focused on operating end-to-end businesses, but the technology vendors that service the industry have been focused on product-centric solutions that make use of a high number of software modules and operating silos. To resolve this disconnect and more effectively align with the business operations of our customers, we have evolved our approach to be focused on delivering integrated "ecosystem cloud" solutions for Hospitality & Leisure, Food & Beverage and Inventory & Procurement functions through the Agilysys Hospitality Experience Cloud.

We deliver modular and integrated software solutions and expertise to businesses seeking to maximize Return on Experience (ROE) through hospitality encounters that are both personal and profitable. Over time, customers achieve High

Return Hospitality by consistently delighting guests, retaining staff and growing margins. The Agilysys Hospitality Experience Cloud<sup>™</sup> offers solution ecosystems that combine core operational systems for property management (PMS), point-of-sale (POS) and Inventory and Procurement (I&P) with Experience Enhancers<sup>™</sup> that meaningfully improve interactions for guests and for employees across dimensions such as digital access, mobile convenience, self-service control, personal choice, payment options, service coverage and real-time insights to improve decisions. Core solutions and Experience Enhancers are selectively combined in Hospitality Solution Studios<sup>™</sup> tailored to specific hospitality settings and business needs.

Our integrated yet modular products allow hospitality operators to recruit and delight customers at their facilities, increase their wallet share from each guest, retain valuable staff and improve the overall experience throughout the entire guest journey – from the initial customer touch point through post-visit interactions.

With our omni-channel suite of software products, we are uniquely positioned to offer solutions that allow customers to offer contactless solutions at every point of the guest journey and maximize operational efficiency all while providing an improved guest experience.

#### Food & Beverage (F&B) Ecosystem Solutions:

Agilysys Food & Beverage Ecosystem solutions allow customers to provide their guests with an omni-channel experience within their property. Offering flexibility, guests can choose to create their own experience through mobile or kiosk ordering, or opt for more traditional service by interacting with staff like cashiers, bartenders, and servers. Irrespective of the channel of interaction for the guest, our POS suite provides a single integrated enterprise-grade back-office management system with robust reporting capabilities. This allows our customers to manage menus, price changes, purchasing trends, inventory management and sales reporting from a single integrated source providing for increased efficiency as well as providing a richer guest profile.

### InfoGenesis

Agilysys InfoGenesis® POS is a core F&B solution. This award-winning point of sale solution offers a fast, intuitive, and highly customizable terminal application, paired with powerful and flexible back-office reporting and configuration. The system is easy to set up, and its scalable architecture enables customers to add workstations without having to build out expensive infrastructure. InfoGenesis supports a wide range of POS devices from traditional POS terminals to iPads, Android tablets and mobile phones, allowing customers to seamlessly deploy a mix of POS experiences based upon guest and server requirements. The system's detailed and high-quality reporting capabilities provide insight into sales data and guest purchasing trends. Engineered for all regions of the world, the InfoGenesis POS solution suite offers a multinational set of features, including language, currency and local fiscal reporting, coupled with a robust enterprise management capability enabling the largest global customers to efficiently run their businesses. With a foundation platform of modern integration APIs, the solution is also capable of integrating with a variety of ancillary applications allowing our customers to seamlessly run their entire suite of technology products. InfoGenesis POS is available as a cloud-based or on-premises solution.



Agilysys IG Kiosk is a core F&B solution. An enterprise-class self-service, customer-facing kiosk point of sale solution for the hospitality industry. It is ideal for food & beverage venues such as buffets, grab 'n go, corporate cafeterias and food courts. Its flexibility supports a variety of operational workflows, such as "order and pay", "order only", "pay at cashier" and "self-check-out," and integrates with a variety of property management, casino management and loyalty systems.

Agilysys IG Kiosk's intuitive guest-facing order and pay experiences transfer the control and convenience to the end user. The self-service components reduce on-site labor needed to manage venue operations, while improving guest throughput, check size, order accuracy, guest experience and satisfaction. The platform-driven and cloud-based solution allows for easy deployments and management at scale resulting in a lowered overall cost of ownership.

#### Food & Beverage Experience Enhancer Solutions:



Agilysys IG KDS is a digital kitchen management solution that integrates with the entire point of sale ecosystem of solutions to deliver staff and customer-originated orders to the kitchen for preparation. Custom attributes such as guest phone number, name, guest location or packaging instructions can be provided on each incoming order so the order can be fulfilled promptly to guests. Guests can optionally be notified of order completion via an order status monitor (OSM) or via text message.

### 🔄 lG OnDemand

Agilysys IG OnDemand provides a visual, interactive food and beverage ordering experience to any mobile device – phone, tablet, or laptop – with a browser-based self-service experience. Using a simple, intuitive interface, guests can easily order and reorder from anywhere across the property, driving order velocity and volume. It also can meet the need for a tableside order and pay experience. It supports ordering for multiple guests at a table over the course of a meal using their own devices making the ordering process contactless while freeing up staff to spend more time with guests.

Agilysys IG OnDemand allows our customers to immediately offer an online ordering platform that is natively integrated with their physical location operations. Menus and price updates can be done in one place and automatically updated across all channels – online web store, digital menus and app ordering as well as POS terminals. Orders placed online are routed automatically to the appropriate kitchen for preparation. Orders placed from all channels are automatically available on the POS terminal at the physical location.

### C Fly

Agilysys IG Fly is a mobile handheld all-in-one POS solution that empowers staff to do it all on one device: table-side, poolside, popup-side, wherever-side, keeping guests happy and servers hustling. It allows properties to boost guest spending with sleek handheld devices that facilitate order placement and payment acceptance without servers ever leaving guests. Servers are readily available to satisfy each guest's immediate requests while providing faster service.

### 🔄 IG Quick Pay

Agilysys IG Quick Pay allows guests to use their own mobile device, scan a QR code on the InfoGenesis check, review a digital copy of the check, add a tip & initiate payment, maintaining a fully contactless guest payment experience. The product can be sold as a standalone payment solution or can be bundled with IG OnDemand for a complete order and pay experience.

### 🔄 lG Smart Menu

Agilysys IG Smart Menu provides a contactless menu display on a guest's own mobile device - phone, tablet, or laptop. Simply scan a QR code to access a venue menu that is linked directly to the actual items available in the IG OnDemand system, not a pdf or a website link. The product can be sold as a standalone menu solution or can be bundled with IG OnDemand for a complete menu, order and pay experience.

### 🤤 lG Digital Menu Board

Agilysys IG Digital Menu Board provides large screen menu and image display on commercial television monitors. It will display a venue menu that is linked directly to the actual items available in the IG OnDemand system, not a pdf or a website link, so it can easily reflect the latest items and pricing.



IG PanOptic AI-powered self-checkout kiosk allows guests to place multiple food items on the kiosk tray all at one time where our AI service uses computer vision & AI to scan the items, recognize them and add them to the cart.



Agilysys Pay payment processing solution is our innovative payment gateway. Agilysys Pay protects guests' financial data and reduces risk by leveraging point-to-point encryption (P2PE) and tokenization with every credit card transaction. Agilysys Pay Complete leverages one of the first payment gateways in the world to receive official PCI-P2PE validation, allowing us to offer Payment Card Industry cost and scope reduction that other providers cannot. These security benefits are built on top of a full-featured, enterprise-grade gateway that offers broad support for U.S., Canadian, European and certain Asian countries' credit card processors and a wide variety of payment device options for every use-case, including countertop, pay-at-table, EMV, mobile tablet, and signature capture scenarios.

Agilysys Pay offers contactless payment options on all markets as well as supporting various wallet payment options like Apple Pay<sup>®</sup>, Google Pay<sup>®</sup>, AliPay<sup>®</sup>, and WeChat<sup>®</sup>.



Agilysys eCash offers guests the convenience of cashless tender. Create charge accounts for memberships, employees, students, comps or any other type of charge you define. A central database supports an efficient eCash transaction process for all your accounts. An array of fields and extra settings make managing eCash accounts seamless.

### 🔄 Gift Card

A flexible easy to use solution to create and manage Gift Cards from adding balances to cards, to checking balances, and enabling guests to use them for purchases across outlets on the property.



Agilysys Analyze is a cloud-based data analytic platform focused on the needs of the hospitality industry. It is a full business intelligence solution that collects data from Agilysys point of sale and property management solutions and helps food & beverage and property operators gain critical insight into business operations and performance. Out-of-the-box analysis helps hospitality operators manage costs, minimize loss due to fraud, boost item sales, increase server productivity, occupancy, room revenue, and other profit enhancing capabilities.

#### Hospitality & Leisure (H&L) Ecosystem Solutions:

Agilysys offers the most comprehensive suite of hospitality & leisure applications to serve the needs of our integrated resort and hospitality customers. Our solutions enable our customers to provide a seamless experience to their guests while driving operational efficiencies throughout the value chain. Our H&L suite of applications consists of the core property management system (PMS), and experience enhancers including a commission-free booking engine, self-service check in and check out solutions, spa, golf, retail, sales & catering, service request optimization and residence management applications.



Agilysys LMS<sup>™</sup> is a core H&L solution. An on-premise or hosted, web and mobile-enabled, PMS solution targeting the operator with large, complex operations. It runs 24/7 to automate every aspect of hotel operations in properties from 100 to over 7,000 rooms, and has interfaces to a wide array of industry applications including but not limited to all core casino management systems and leading global distribution systems. Its foundation expands to incorporate modules for activities scheduling, attraction ticketing and more.



Agilysys Versa PMS is a core H&L solution. It is installed in hotels and resorts ranging from 50-1,500 rooms. It is a complete hospitality solution expanding beyond traditional PMS solutions, enabling the resort to run its end-to-end operations, including front desk, housekeeping, maintenance, accounting, and condo owner management, with tight integration to Agilysys Sales & Catering, Spa, Golf, and Reserve. Versa provides an integrated solution with interfaces to leading global distribution systems, casino management systems, hospitality automation and our other products.



Agilysys Stay PMS is a core H&L solution. It is our cloud-native SaaS property management system that optimizes operational efficiency, increases revenue and enhances guest service. Agilysys Stay is currently generally available for all hotels and chains, as well as for select service casino hotels. Agilysys Stay offers powerful capabilities for multi-property operations, allowing managers to view guest profiles, history and reservations, as well as room availability and operational reports, seamlessly across multiple properties.

Focused on improving revenue and streamlining operations, Agilysys Stay is designed to enable hotels to gather and analyze guest information across properties that can be used to create loyalty-generating offers to guests and increase our customer wallet share. In addition, running natively in a browser on both desktop and tablet devices, it delivers real-time operating metrics so that hotels can more accurately forecast demand and scale guest services accordingly.

#### Hospitality & Leisure (H&L) Experience Enhancer Solutions:



Agilysys Book is a commission-free, easy-to-use reservation system that's designed to move guests effortlessly through the booking process of hotel rooms, spa appointments and golf tee times for a single guest itinerary. The solution allows booking of one or more rooms and is seamlessly connected with our core PMS solutions to provide a flawless experience for guests and hotel operators. Agilysys Book is the only booking engine in the market that seamlessly integrates with the core primary gaming system and allows for casino operators to enable their patrons to self-book their entitlements resulting in increased guest satisfaction and reduced operational expenses. The solution also allows operators to capture increased revenue through add-ons and upsells of premium rooms.

### 🔄 Express Kiosk

The Agilysys Express Kiosk streamlines hotel check-in and check-out, improving both staff efficiency and the guest experience. By offering a user-friendly self-service option in the lobby, guests can bypass the front desk, leading to faster service and enhanced convenience without requiring additional front-line staff. The kiosk also includes ID verification to help hotels efficiently maintain security standards.

### 📀 Express Mobile

Agilysys Express Mobile simplifies check-in and check-out even further and at the same time allows operators to offer mobile keys, concurrent dining reservations or room upsells, all on a personal mobile device such as a smart phone or tablet. Properties are turning to mobility at an ever-increasing pace to improve efficiency. With Agilysys Express Mobile, it's easy to reduce wait times and empower guests by putting the power of choice in the palm of their hand. Agilysys Express Mobile allows for digital ID verification before securely delivering the digital room key to the guest phone, allowing operators to maintain security standards while allowing the guest to bypass the front desk.



Agilysys Spa software covers all aspects of running a spa, from scheduling guests for services to managing staff schedules. With this guest-centric technology, spas have more time to focus on creating personalized experiences in places of quiet tranquility. Agilysys Spa is a single solution that connects effortlessly to our other software solutions. The solution includes real-time integration, simplifies the appointment booking process, enhances the guest experience, and maximizes the value of the spa as a revenue center.

Integrated with our booking engine, Agilysys Book, customers can book both their hotel room and their spa appointments from a single place, giving operators additional opportunities to upsell and cross sell various amenities that they offer.



Agilysys Golf is a guest centric golf management software that offers golf property managers complete pro shop management with tee time scheduling, member profile/billing, tournament management and Web and e-mail access bundled into one solution. Customers are given the option of using our robust built in retail POS module or they may choose to leverage the power of InfoGenesis. Staff can easily schedule and personalize reservations for guests, which then appear on itineraries, confirmations, and folios. Resort operations with multiple amenities can integrate with Agilysys Book and allow patrons to book both their resort reservation and their golf tee time simultaneously.

### Catering

Agilysys Sales & Catering provides a cloud-native comprehensive sales & event management system that provides powerful tools for hotels, conference centers and resorts of all sizes. With a complete view of every group and event, as well as individual guests throughout their entire stay, the system analyzes the value of each guest and group across meeting and shoulder dates. The result is improved event revenue opportunities and streamlined management, enabling event planners and sales teams to more efficiently sell, manage and service their clients.



Agilysys Service is our integrated service optimization platform that allows our customers to provide an integrated hospitality experience for their guests while driving greater operational efficiency by connecting departments across the hotel, including the front desk, house-keeping, concierge, maintenance, bell desk, food runners, wait staff, etc. The Agilysys service platform provides a unified communication and messaging service for guest and staff interaction as well as internal staff interaction. Apart from providing the functionality for managing back of house operations like house-keeping, engineering and maintenance, the Agilysys service platform proactively tracks events and exceptions that take place in the hotel or resort and drive targeted action to ensure a high level of guest satisfaction at all times.

### 🔄 Authorize

Agilysys Authorize provides support for fully-automated and secure online payments for room deposits, 3rd party guarantees and folio charges while eliminating the need for manual credit card authorization forms. Payment is seamlessly authorized and posted appropriately in real-time.

### 🔄 Data Magine

Agilysys DataMagine<sup>™</sup> document management solution is a U.S.-patented imaging module and archiving solution that allows users to securely capture and retrieve documents and system-generated information. DataMagine integrates with other Agilysys products, adding functionality and providing seamless workflows to cross functional areas. DataMagine helps drive the Go Green initiative at a number of our customer sites by enabling a completely paperless experience through all facets of the customers operations, from signature capture at the front desk to automated routing of POs and requisition orders for approvals. DataMagine provides robust indexing and archiving features to allow easy contextual based document retrieval.



Agilysys Reserve solution is a guest-centric reservation and wait list management solution that helps operators book various venues and experiences. The solution allows operators to manage restaurant, cabana and auditorium reservations. With an innovative doll house view approach, patrons have the ability to select and book a specific seat in a restaurant or a specific cabana on a pool deck online. With built in price yielding capabilities, Agilysys Reserve allows operators to maximize revenue opportunities for various locations. Using the built-in guest management system, operators can build guest profiles and provide a superior experience while driving repeat guests.

### C Digital Marketing

Agilysys Digital Marketing provides a flexible hospitality marketing automation solution supporting guest email and SMS marketing communications through event and campaign-based rules. Marketers can segment guests by type or other criteria and send context-related communications at time of reservation, check-in, check-out or by marketing campaign types. Digital email campaigns allow users an inexpensive way to stay connected to their guest throughout the guest journey. The result is increased return visits and improved revenue from targeted offers based upon guest segment and journey stage.



Agilysys Retail is our basic POS solution to support retail item sales in spas, gift shops or pro-shops that don't need a full enterprise POS system. The system allows you to easily setup and track inventory, sell items in conjunction with other services, and consolidate all charges on the guest folio.

### Central Reservations

Agilysys Central Reservations provides a single sign-on across multiple customer properties that allows staff to view guest profiles, trips, room availability across properties, make/modify/transfer reservations, scan property offers and rates, and more. The result is improved central reservations efficiency, increased revenue from cross-property sales and upsells, and superior guest service.

### CPLoyalty & Promotions

Agilysys Loyalty & Promotions provides a comprehensive loyalty and promotions management solution to help operators track guest preferences and craft a wide variety of programs and targeted offers. This solution supports point earning and redemption at every guest interaction and provides a guest portal for self-service account management. This solution helps our customers understand and leverage guest preferences for tailored promotions and offers, which drive repeat visits and a larger share of their spending.

### Membership

Agilysys Membership helps customers control membership programs by defining membership types, facilitating online registration, and managing membership balances, among other things. Whether customers manage memberships for individuals, families, groups, corporate accounts or all of these, they define the parameters for each category. The membership portal allows easy online registrations for new guests and gives guests the ability to check their balances and redeem points via gift cards, eCash, loyalty, and more.

### CResidence Management

Agilysys Residence Management delivers a comprehensive approach to managing residences. Key features include detailed reports for analyzing profitability and unit-specific expenses, as well as robust tools for managing revenue allocations and splitting expenses across owners, the association, and the property.



Agilysys Guest App is a downloadable customer-branded mobile guest engagement app that provides a frictionless guest experience from booking to check-out. It combines a selection of Agilysys mobile applications in a single convenient app, including Agilysys Book for room, golf and spa reservations; Agilysys Express Mobile for mobile check in/out and digital room keys; and an administrative portal that provides a full content management system for complete control of branding, options, property images and more. It is available for iOS and Android mobile devices.

#### **Inventory & Procurement Ecosystem Solutions:**



Agilysys' Eatec<sup>®</sup> solution provides core purchasing, inventory, recipe, forecasting, production and sales analysis functions and is unique in offering catering, restaurant, buffet management and nutrition modules in a single web-enabled solution. Agilysys' Eatec Mobile is an optional app that can be downloaded from Google Play and Apple app stores and provides users with access to Eatec application from any Android<sup>®</sup> and iOS<sup>®</sup> device. Users can provide inventory receiving and transfer operations seamlessly from any mobile device even when they are offline using Eatec's innovative store and forward capabilities.



Agilysys Stratton Warren System (SWS) integrates with all leading financial and POS software products. The software manages the entire procurement process via e-commerce, from business development to the management of enterprise-wide backend systems and daily operations. Agilysys SWS Direct is an add-on module for SWS that provides a convenient, efficient and intuitive shopping cart experience to SWS users. SWS Direct streamlines operations, provides enhanced bidding and request for pricing services, and offers supplier registration tools and self-service maintenance capabilities.

#### **Representative Agilysys clients include:**

7 Cedars Casino AVI Foodsystems, Inc. **Banner Health Boyd Gaming Corporation Caesars Entertainment** Cal Dining at UC Berkeley Camelback Lodge & Waterpark Carnival UK Cartoon Network Hotel Casino del Sol Resort Catholic Charities Chukchansi Gold Resort & Casino Compass Group North America Comanche Nation of Oklahoma The Cosmopolitan of Las Vegas **Dickies Arena** 

- **Drury Hotels** Ellis Island Hotel, Casino and Brewery Golden Nugget Lake Charles Grand Sierra Resort and Casino Hialeah Park Hilton Worldwide Inspire Resort Korea Intercontinental Hotel Group **Kimpton Hotels** Marina Bay Sands Singapore Marriott International Maryland Live! Casino MGM Oxford Casino Pinehurst Resort Prairie Band Casino & Resort
- Resorts World Bimini Rosen Hotels & Resorts Rosewood Castiglion Del Bosco Royal Caribbean Group Spooky Nook Sports Station Casinos The Kessler Collection The Sea Pines Resort The Venetian Resort Hotel Casino Treehouse – London UT Southwestern Medical Center Vail Resorts Valley View Casino & Hotel Wendover Resorts

#### **Industry and Markets**

We are a technology software solutions company exclusively focused on the hospitality industry. Our products have been enabling mission-critical core hospitality operations for more than four decades. Our software solutions are essential for running the operations of the hospitality business and are designed to drive substantial customer benefits through increased revenue, improved operational efficiency, enhanced guest experience and improved employee morale. In addition, many of our solutions enable social distancing capabilities for our customers. Our innovative software solutions described above have been purpose-built to serve the unique needs of the following hospitality verticals: casinos, hotels, resorts, cruise ships, managed foodservice providers, sports and entertainment, and healthcare. We operate across North America, Europe, the Middle East, Asia-Pacific and India with headquarters located in Alpharetta, GA. We estimate our total addressable market is approximately \$16 billion in annual recurring revenue. While the size of the opportunity might face pressure in an economic downturn, we feel it remains in the billions of dollars while our business represents only a fraction of that size. We believe we are well positioned to win market share given our relative competitive strength in the industry.

#### Customers

Our customer base is highly fragmented and includes large, medium-sized and boutique hospitality providers, both owned and franchised, as well as divisions or departments of large corporations in the hospitality industry. We concentrate on serving the needs of customers in a range of settings where brand differentiation is important, and competition for guest recruitment is intense.

#### **Human Capital**

As of March 31, 2025, we employed approximately 2,200 employees, with approximately 68%, 28%, 3%, and 1% of our employees located in India, North America, Asia-Pacific, and EMEA, respectively. We recognize our employees as our greatest asset, and their well-being and growth are critical investments in our continued success.

Our senior management team is responsible for developing and executing our human capital strategy. Agilysys' key human capital management objectives are to attract, retain and develop talent to deliver on our business strategy. Accordingly, we seek employees who share a passion for technology and its ability to improve our customers' hospitality businesses in accordance with our mission statement: helping our customers improve employee and guest experiences, with dedication to past, present and future customer investments in our products and services.

We believe that our culture is essential to maintaining high quality services and solutions. Our culture impacts the quality of the employees we hire, the way we develop and maintain solutions, and the way we communicate and interact with our customers and each other. Our culture is the cornerstone representing our values, our behaviors, our way of working and how we approach our business. To reinforce our culture, we operate according to the Agilysys Code of Business Conduct, available on our website <a href="http://www.agilysys.com">http://www.agilysys.com</a>, which mandates full compliance with applicable laws and regulations and helps to preserve the integrity of our Company.

We believe we offer fair, competitive compensation and benefits that support our employees' overall well-being and foster their growth and development. We offer our employees pay and benefits packages that we believe are competitive with others throughout our industry, as well as within the local markets in which we operate, and align individual performance with our success. For example, we recently launched an employee stock purchase plan to allow employees to share in the success of the company.

Our employee town hall meetings, conducted several times annually, play a vital role in fostering transparency, engagement, alignment, and a sense of community. These town halls provide a platform to recognize and celebrate employee achievements, milestones, and contributions, and provide an opportunity for employees to ask questions of leadership.

As recognition for our positive culture and commitment to our employees, we were awarded a LinkedIn Top Company 2024 Award for midsize employers.

We are committed to providing our employees with an environment free of discrimination, harassment and workplace violence. We make all benefit and employment-related decisions in compliance with equal employment opportunity statutes and without regard to religion, national origin, age, gender, race, color, ancestry, sexual orientation, disability, marital status, citizenship, pregnancy, medical condition or any other protected class status, as defined by local, state or federal laws. All employees, directors, independent contractors, and other parties who work with Agilysys are expected to create a working environment where everyone is respected, regardless of individual differences. We believe that each of our employees' individual experiences, character, and virtues enhance our culture and will increase our ability to attract and retain quality employees, customers, and suppliers.

#### Seasonality

Occasionally, the timing of large one-time orders, such as those associated with significant remarketed product sales around large customer refresh cycles or significant volume rollouts, creates variability in our quarterly results.

#### **Intellectual Property**

We rely on a combination of patent, trade secret, copyright, and trademark laws, a variety of contractual arrangements, such as license agreements, assignment agreements, confidentiality and non-disclosure agreements, and confidentiality procedures and technical measures to gain rights to and protect the intellectual property used in our business.

We do not believe that our business is dependent on any single item of intellectual property, or that any single item of intellectual property is material to the operation of our business. However, since we consider trademarks to be a valuable asset of our business, we have an ongoing trademark and service mark registration program pursuant to which we register our brand names and product names, taglines, and logos in the United States and other countries to the extent we determine registration to be appropriate and cost effective.

We intend to pursue additional intellectual property protection to the extent we believe it would be beneficial and cost effective. Despite our efforts to protect our intellectual property rights, they may not be respected in the future or may be invalidated, circumvented, or challenged. See the sections titled "Risk Factors," including the section titled "Risk Factors — We may not be able to enforce or protect our intellectual property rights" for a description of the risks related to our intellectual property.

#### Competition

Our solutions face a highly competitive market. Competition exists with respect to developing and maintaining relationships with customers, pricing for products and solutions, and customer support and service.

We compete with other full-service providers who sell and deliver bundled POS and PMS solutions comprised of software, hardware, subscription, maintenance, and professional services. These companies, some of which are much larger than we are, include Oracle Corp., Shiji, Amadeus IT Group and Infor. We also compete with smaller software companies which provide either POS or PMS solutions like Maestro. In addition, we compete with PMS systems that are designed and maintained in-house by large hotel chains.

#### **Environmental Matters**

We believe we are compliant in all material respects with all applicable environmental laws. We do not anticipate that such compliance will have a material effect on capital expenditures, earnings or competitive position with respect to any of our operations. For information about governmental regulations applicable to our business, refer to Item 1A Risk Factors.

#### Access to Information

Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and any amendments to these reports are available free of charge through our corporate website, <u>http://www.agilysys.com</u>, as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with, or furnished to, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Copies are also available without charge by a written request to Agilysys, Inc., Attention: Investor Relations, 3655 Brookside Parkway, Suite 300, Alpharetta, Georgia 30022 or by requesting copies through our website, under "Investor Relations." The information posted on our website is not incorporated into this Annual Report. Reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically, are maintained on the SEC website, <u>http://www.sec.gov</u>.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors.

### Risks Relating to Our Business *Markets, Competition, and Operations*

#### Our business is impacted by changes in macroeconomic and global conditions.

Because we conduct our business internationally, changes in global, national, or regional economies, governmental policies (including in areas such as tariffs, trade relations, travel, immigration, healthcare, and related issues), political unrest, armed conflicts, natural disasters, or disease outbreaks may impact our business. Any general weakening of, and related declining corporate confidence in, the global economy or the curtailment in corporate spending could cause current or potential customers to reduce or eliminate their information technology budgets and spending, which could cause customers to delay, decrease or cancel purchases of our products and services; cause customers not to pay us; or to delay payment for previously purchased products and services.

Our business may be impacted by decreases in travel and leisure activities resulting from weak economic conditions, increases in energy prices and changes in tariffs and currency values, political instability, heightened travel security measures, travel advisories, disruptions in air travel, and concerns over disease, violence, war, and/or terrorism. Our business, markets, growth prospects and business model could be materially impacted or altered as a result of adverse changes in travel and leisure activities due to a pandemic or other wide-ranging and sustained events.

### Our future success will depend on our ability to develop new solutions, product upgrades and services that achieve market acceptance.

Our business is characterized by rapid and continual changes in technology and evolving industry standards. We believe that in order to remain competitive in the future we need to continue to develop new products, product upgrades and services, requiring the investment of significant financial resources. If we fail to accurately anticipate our customer's needs and technological trends, or are otherwise unable to complete the development of a product or product upgrade on a timely basis, we will be unable to introduce new products or product upgrades into the market that are demanded by our customers and prospective customers, and our business and operating results would be materially and adversely affected.

The development process for most new products and product upgrades is complicated, involves a significant commitment of time and resources and is subject to a number of risks and challenges including:

- Managing the length of the development cycle for new products and product enhancements;
- Adapting to emerging and evolving industry standards and to technological developments by our competitors and customers; and
- Extending the operation of our products and services to new and evolving platforms, operating systems and hardware products, such as mobile devices.

Our product development activities are costly, and recovering our investment in product development may take a significant amount of time, if it occurs at all. We anticipate continuing to make significant investments in software research and development and related product opportunities because we believe it is necessary to compete successfully.

Our product development activities also could be impacted by competition from products with new features or new technologies, such as artificial intelligence (AI), that might render our existing products less competitive or obsolete. We may not respond effectively to the technological requirements of the changing market.

If we are not successful in managing these risks and challenges, or if our new products, product upgrades, and services are not technologically competitive or do not achieve market acceptance, our business and operating results could be adversely affected.

#### We face extensive competition in the markets in which we operate, and our failure to compete effectively could result in price reductions and/or decreased demand for our products and services.

Several companies offer products and services similar to ours. The rapid rate of technological change in the hospitality market makes it likely we will face competition from new products designed by companies not currently competing with us. We believe our competitive ability depends on our product offerings, our experience in the hospitality industry, our product development and systems integration capability, and our customer service organization. There is no assurance, however, that we will be able to compete effectively in the hospitality technology market in the future.

We compete for customers based on several factors, including price. The competitive markets in which we operate may require us to reduce our prices in order to contend with the pricing models of our competitors. If our competitors discount certain products or services, we may have to lower prices on certain products or services in order to attract or retain customers. Any such price modifications would likely reduce margins and could have adverse effects on our profitability. In addition, if we fail to reduce our prices in order to contend with the pricing models of our competitors, we may not be able to retain customers or grow our business, which could adversely affect our revenues and liquidity.

### Our future success depends on our ability to execute on strategic initiatives, to properly manage investments in our business, and to enhance our existing operations and infrastructure.

Our long-term strategy is focused on continually investing in and growing our business and operations, both organically and through acquisitions.

Investments in new markets, solutions, and technologies, research and development, infrastructure and systems, geographic expansion, and talent are critical components for executing our strategy. In particular, we believe we must continue to dedicate a significant amount of resources to our research and development efforts to maintain our competitive position. Our investments in research and development may result in products or services that generate less revenue than we anticipate.

Such investments present challenges and risks and may not be successful financially or otherwise, especially in new areas in which we have little or no experience, and even if successful, may negatively impact our short-term profitability. To succeed in such efforts, we must be able to properly deploy financial and other resources, prioritize among opportunities, balance the extent and timing of investments with the associated impact on profitability, balance our focus between new development areas and the servicing of our existing customers, capture efficiencies and economies of scale, and compete in the new areas, or with the new solutions, in which we have invested.

Our success also depends on our ability to effectively and efficiently enhance our existing operations. Our existing infrastructure, systems, security, processes, and personnel may not be adequate for our current or future needs. System upgrades or new implementations can be complex, time-consuming, and expensive and we are not certain that we will not experience problems during or following such implementations, including among others, potential disruptions in our operations or financial reporting.

If we are unable to properly execute on growth initiatives, manage our investments, and enhance our existing operations and infrastructure, our results of operations and market share may be materially adversely affected.

#### Our dependence on certain suppliers makes us vulnerable to the extent we rely on them.

We rely on a concentrated number of suppliers for the majority of our hardware and for certain software and related service needs. We do not have long term agreements with many of these suppliers. If we can no longer obtain these hardware, software or services from our major suppliers due to mergers, acquisitions or consolidation within the marketplace, material changes in their partner programs, their refusal to continue to supply to us on reasonable terms or at all, and we cannot find suitable replacement suppliers, it may have a material adverse impact on our future operating results and gross margins.

### *If we cannot retain and recruit qualified personnel due to rising labor costs, changes to immigration laws, or other reasons, our ability to operate and grow our business may be impaired and our financial performance may suffer.*

We depend on our employees to effectively run and grow our business. To grow successfully, we must retain existing employees and attract new qualified employees, particularly in growth areas we have identified. Employee retention is an industry challenge, especially given the competitive labor market for software developers. As we grow, we must enhance and expand our workforce to execute on new and complex opportunities. The market for qualified personnel is competitive in the geographies in which we operate and may be limited in the software development disciplines we seek to expand. We may be at a disadvantage to larger companies with greater brand recognition or financial resources or to start-ups or other emerging companies in trending market sectors. If we are unable to attract and retain qualified personnel when and where they are needed, our ability to effectively operate and grow our business could be impaired. Moreover, if we are not able to properly balance our investments in personnel with revenue growth, our profitability may be adversely affected. Further, because we rely on a global talent pool and frequently sponsor employees for U.S. work visas and permanent residency (green cards), changes in U.S. immigration policies may lead to increased uncertainty, processing delays, and higher rates of denial for visa and green card applications. Such delays and uncertainties could disrupt the employment of key personnel, increase our operational costs, and make it more difficult to retain certain employees, potentially harming our business and employee morale.

#### Our international operations have many associated risks.

We continue to strategically manage our presence in international markets, and these efforts require significant management attention and financial resources. We may not be able to successfully penetrate international markets, or, if we do, there can be no assurance that we will grow our business in these markets at the same rate as in North America. Because of inherent complexities and challenges in some international markets, lack of success in such markets could adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flow, and financial condition.

We have international offices in Canada, the United Kingdom, Dubai, Australia, China, Hong Kong, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore, and India. We have committed resources to maintaining and further expanding, where appropriate, our sales offices and sales and support channels in key international markets. However, our efforts may not be successful. International sales are subject to many risks and difficulties, including those arising from the following: building and maintaining a competitive presence in new markets; staffing and managing foreign operations; complying with a variety of foreign laws, rules and regulations; producing localized versions of our products; developing integrations between our products and other locally-used products; import and export restrictions and tariffs; enforcing contracts and collecting accounts receivable; unexpected changes in regulatory requirements; reduced protection for intellectual property rights in some countries; potential adverse tax treatment; language and cultural barriers; foreign currency fluctuations; inflation and any regulatory actions to counter inflation; and political and economic instability abroad.

#### Natural disasters or other catastrophic events affecting our principal facilities could cripple our business.

Natural disasters or other catastrophic events, particularly those affecting employees in our Alpharetta headquarters or India research and development center, may cause damage or disruption to our operations, and thus could have a negative effect on us. Most of our administrative functions are concentrated in our Alpharetta headquarters and most of our software development activity is concentrated in our India research and development center. While we maintain crisis management and disaster response plans, a natural disaster, fire, power shortage, pandemic, act of terrorism or other catastrophic event occurring in either geographic location that prevents or substantially impairs our employees' ability to work, either in the office or from home, could make it difficult or impossible for us to deliver our products and services to customers.

#### Regulatory Matters, Information Security, Data Privacy, and Product Stability

#### Our products and services may not function properly if we experience significant coding or configuration errors.

Despite testing prior to the release and throughout the lifecycle of a product or service, our on-premise and cloud-based solutions sometimes contain coding or configuration errors that can impact their function, performance and security, and result in other negative consequences. The detection and correction of any errors in released on-premise or cloud-based solutions can be time consuming and costly. Errors in our on-premise and cloud-based solutions could affect their ability to properly function, integrate or operate with other software or hardware offerings, could result in service interruptions, delays or outages, could create security vulnerabilities in our products or services, could delay the development or release of new products or services or new versions of products or services, and could adversely affect market acceptance of our products or services. This includes third-party software products or services incorporated into our own. If we experience any of these errors, or if there are delays in releasing our on-premise or cloud-based solutions or new versions of these offerings, our sales could be affected and revenues could decline. Customers rely on our on-premise and cloud-based solutions and related services could expose us to product liability, performance and warranty claims as well as significant harm to our brand and reputation, which could impact our future sales.

### Implementation of software solutions often involves a significant commitment of resources, and any failure to deliver as promised on a significant implementation could adversely affect our business.

The implementation of software solutions often involves a significant commitment of resources and is subject to a number of significant risks over which we may or may not have control. These risks include:

- the features of the implemented software may not meet the expectations or fit the business model of the customer;
- our pool of implementation personnel cannot quickly and easily be augmented for complex implementation projects, such that resources issues, if not planned and managed effectively, could lead to costly project delays;
- customer-specific factors, such as the stability, functionality, interconnection and scalability of the customer's
  pre-existing information technology infrastructure, as well as financial or other circumstances could destabilize,
  delay or prevent the completion of the implementation process; and
- customers and their partners may not fully or timely perform the actions required to be performed by them to ensure successful implementation, including measures we recommend to safeguard against technical and business risks.

As a result of these and other risks, some of our customers may incur large, unplanned costs in connection with the purchase and installation of our solutions. Also, implementation projects could take longer than planned or fail. We may not be able to reduce or eliminate protracted installation or significant additional costs. Significant delays or unsuccessful customer implementation projects could result in cancellation or renegotiation of existing agreements, claims from customers, harm to our reputation and negatively impact our operating results.

#### We use open-source software in our solutions that may subject our solutions to general release or require us to reengineer our solutions.

We use open-source software in our solutions and may use more open-source software in the future. From time to time, there have been accusations by companies claiming ownership of software that was previously thought to be open-source and that was incorporated by other companies into their products. As a result, we could be subject to legal claims by parties claiming ownership of what we believe to be open-source software.

Some open-source licenses contain requirements that we make available source code for modifications or derivative works we create based upon the open-source software and that we license these modifications or derivative works under the terms of a particular open-source license or other license granting third parties certain rights of further use. If we combine or, in some cases, link our proprietary software solutions with or to open-source software in a certain manner, we could, under certain open-source licenses, be required to release the source code of our proprietary software solutions or license such proprietary solutions under the terms of a particular open-source license or other license granting third parties certain rights of further use.

In addition to risks related to license requirements, usage of open-source software can lead to greater risks than use of third-party commercial software, as open-source licensors generally do not provide warranties or controls on the origin of the software. In addition, open-source license terms may be ambiguous and many of the risks associated with usage of open-source cannot be eliminated, and could, if not properly addressed, negatively affect our business. If we were found to have inappropriately used open-source software, we may be required to seek licenses from third parties in order to continue offering our software, to re-engineer our solutions, to discontinue the sale of our solutions in the event re-engineering cannot be accomplished on a timely basis or take other remedial action that may divert resources away from our development efforts, any of which could adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition.

### We are subject to complex, evolving regulatory requirements that may be difficult and expensive to comply with and that could negatively impact our business.

Our business and operations are subject to a variety of regulatory requirements in the countries in which we operate or in which we offer our solutions, including, among other things, with respect to data privacy, artificial intelligence ("AI"), information security, trade compliance, tax, and labor matters.

In addition, as we are increasingly building and licensing from third party providers new and evolving technologies, such as AI, machine learning, analytics, and biometrics, as part of our offerings, our business and operations may become subject to additional complex and evolving regulatory requirements pertaining to the sale or use of these technologies. The evolving regulatory environment surrounding these new technologies may also increase our research and development costs, compliance costs, and confidentiality and security risks, and result in inconsistencies in evolving legal frameworks across jurisdictions. The sale of these technologies, or their use by us or by our customers or partners, may also subject us to additional risks, including reputational harm, competitive harm or legal liabilities, due to their perceived or actual impact on human rights, privacy, employment, or in other social or discriminatory contexts. Third-parties may criticize us or seek to hold us responsible not only for our own activities in this regard but also for the activities of our customers or partners.

We may become subject to regulation and disclosure requirements related to environmental, social and governance ("ESG") matters. In addition, stakeholders, including investors, customers, suppliers and employees, may pressure us to make commitments on these matters that may be difficult to manage or achieve. If we fail to make or meet such commitments, we may be subject to criticism, reputational harm or legal liability.

The application of various laws and regulations to our business is often unclear and may at times conflict. Compliance with applicable regulatory requirements may be onerous, time-consuming, and expensive, especially where these requirements are inconsistent from jurisdiction to jurisdiction or where the jurisdictional reach of certain requirements is not clearly defined or seeks to reach across national borders. Regulatory requirements in one jurisdiction may make it difficult or impossible to do business in or comply with the rules of another jurisdiction.

While we endeavor to implement policies, procedures, and systems designed to achieve compliance with these regulatory requirements, we cannot assure you that these policies, procedures, or systems will be adequate or that we or our personnel will not violate these policies and procedures or applicable laws and regulations. Violations of these laws or regulations may harm our reputation and deter government agencies and other existing or potential customers or partners from purchasing our solutions. Furthermore, non-compliance with applicable laws or regulations could result in fines, damages, criminal sanctions against us, our officers or our employees, restrictions on the conduct of our business, and damage to our reputation.

### Cyber-attacks involving our systems and data could expose us to liability or harm our reputation and have a material adverse effect on our business.

We rely on information technology networks and systems, some of which are owned and operated by third parties, to collect, process, transmit, and store electronic information on behalf of our customers. We also depend on our information technology infrastructure for a variety of functions, including worldwide financial reporting, procurement, invoicing, and email communications. These systems are susceptible to outages due to fire, floods, power loss, telecommunications failures, hacking, terrorist attacks, and similar events.

We have implemented security measures and controls intended to protect our IT infrastructure, data centers and other systems and data against cyber-attacks. Despite our implementation of security measures and controls, our systems and those of third parties upon whom we rely are vulnerable to attack from numerous threat actors, including sophisticated nation-state and nation-state-supported actors. Threat actors have and may in the future be able to compromise our security measures or otherwise exploit vulnerabilities in our systems, including vulnerabilities that may have been introduced through the actions of our employees or contractors or defects in the design or manufacture of our products and systems that we procure from third parties. Our systems, and those of our third-party providers, have and could in the future become subject to cyber-attacks, including using computer viruses, credential harvesting, dedicated denial of services attacks, malware, social engineering, and other means for obtaining unauthorized access to, or disrupting the operation of, our systems and those of our third-party providers.

In addition, threat actors are also increasingly using tools and techniques that circumvent controls, evade detection, and remove forensic evidence, which means that we and others may be unable to anticipate, detect, deflect, contain or recover from cyberattacks in a timely or effective manner. As AI capabilities improve and are increasingly adopted, we may see cyberattacks created through AI. These attacks could be crafted with an AI tool to directly attack IT systems with increased speed and/or efficiency than a human threat actor or create more effective phishing emails. Our network and storage applications, as well as those of our customers, business partners, and third-party providers, may be subject to unauthorized access by hackers or breached due to operator error, malfeasance or other system disruptions.

The number and scale of cyberattacks have continued to increase and the methods and techniques used by threat actors, including sophisticated "supply-chain" attacks, continue to evolve at a rapid pace. As a result, we may be unable to identify current attacks, anticipate future attacks or implement adequate security measures. We may also experience security breaches that may remain undetected for an extended period and, therefore, have a greater impact on our systems, our products, the proprietary data contained therein, our customers, and ultimately, our business.

For example, we use Progress Software's MOVEit Transfer application to enable file transfers with some of our customers. On May 31, 2023, Progress Software disclosed that it had identified a previously unknown vulnerability in its MOVEit Transfer application. We immediately followed the recommendations from Progress Software to address the vulnerabilities in the MOVEit Transfer application. However, we identified unauthorized file downloads from our MOVEit Transfer application impacting about 130 customers who used our InfoGenesis POS, Eatec and Agilysys Analyze products. All impacted customers were notified in June 2023, and the incident has not had a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operation.

Cyberattacks on our systems and "supply-chain" attacks on systems of third parties upon whom we rely, and any related operational disruptions, unauthorized access, or misappropriation of information (including personally identifiable information or personal data), could create costly litigation, significant financial liability, and a loss of confidence in our ability to serve customers and cause current or potential customers to choose another provider, all of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, reputation, and results of operations.

# Privacy, information security, and data protection laws, rules, and regulations could affect or limit how we collect and use personal information, increase our costs, and adversely affect our business opportunities. A failure to comply with applicable privacy or data protection laws could cause litigation, harm our reputation and have a material adverse effect on our business.

We collect, process, transmit, and/or store (on our systems and those of third-party providers) customer transactional data, as well as their guests' and our customers' and employees' personally identifiable information and/or other data and information. Personally identifiable information is increasingly subject to legislation and regulations in numerous jurisdictions with regard to privacy and data security such as the California Consumer Privacy Act and the European Union's General Data Protection Regulation. Moreover, what constitutes personally identifiable information and/or the failure of our customers, vendors, and service providers to comply with applicable privacy and data protection laws and regulations could damage our reputation, discourage current and/or potential customers from using our products and services, and result in fines, governmental investigations and/or enforcement actions, complaints by private individuals, and/or the payment of penalties to consumers.

In addition, many U.S. and foreign laws and regulations, including those promulgated by the SEC, require companies to provide notice of cybersecurity incidents involving certain types of personal data or unauthorized access to, or interference with, our information systems to the public, certain individuals, the media, government authorities, or other third parties. Certain of these laws and regulations include notice or disclosure obligations contingent upon the result of complex analyses, including in some cases a determination of materiality. The nature of cybersecurity incidents can make it difficult to quickly and comprehensively assess an incident's overall impact to our business, and we may make errors in our assessments. If we are unable to appropriately assess a cybersecurity incident in the context of required analyses then we could face compliance issues under these laws and regulations, and we could be subject to lawsuits, regulatory fines or investigations, or other liabilities, any or all of which could adversely affect our business and operating results. Furthermore, cybersecurity incidents experienced by us, or by our customers or vendors, that lead to public disclosures may also lead to widespread negative publicity and increased government or regulatory scrutiny. Any security compromise in our industry, whether actual or perceived, could harm our reputation; erode customer confidence in our security measures; negatively affect our ability to attract new customers; or subject us to third-party lawsuits, regulatory fines or investigations, or other liability, any or all of which could adversely affect our business and operating results. Even the perception of inadequate security may damage our reputation and negatively impact our ability to win new customers and retain existing customers.

Additionally, we could be required to expend significant capital and other resources to investigate and address any actual or suspected cybersecurity incident or to prevent further or additional incidents. To maintain business relationships, we may find it necessary or desirable to incur costs to provide remediation and incentives to customers or other business partners following an actual or suspected security incident. We also cannot be sure that our existing cybersecurity insurance will continue to be available on acceptable terms, in sufficient amounts to cover any claims we submit, or at all. Further, we cannot be sure that insurers will not deny coverage as to any claim, and some security incidents may be outside the scope of our coverage, including in instances where they are considered force majeure events. Security incidents may result in increased costs for cybersecurity insurance. One or more large, successful claims against us in excess of our available insurance coverage, or changes in our insurance policies, including premium increases or large deductible or co-insurance requirements, could have an adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition.

#### Actual or perceived security vulnerabilities in our software solutions may result in reduced sales or liabilities.

We have implemented policies and procedures, and use information technology systems, to help ensure the proper handling of our customers' and their customers' data from both a data privacy and an information security perspective. We also evaluate the information security of potential partners and vendors as part of our selection process and attempt to negotiate adequate protections from such third parties when we enter into contracts with them. Our customer contracts also obligate our customers to undertake steps necessary for satisfying individual rights under laws and regulations. While these policies, procedures, systems, contractual provisions, and measures are designed to mitigate the risks associated with handling or processing personal data, including categories of personal data which may be classed as sensitive data, they cannot always safeguard against all risks, nor can we control the actions of third parties, including vendors, customers, employees and partners. In addition, it may be possible for customer and guest data to be compromised from a customers' information technology system if our customer does not maintain appropriate data privacy and information security procedures.

The improper handling of personal data including sensitive data, or even the perception of such mishandling (whether or not valid), or other security lapses or breaches affecting us, our partners, our customers, or our products or services, could reduce demand for our products or services or otherwise expose us to financial or reputational harm or legal liability.

### For certain products and services, including our cloud hosting operations, we rely on third-party providers, which may create significant risk exposure for us.

We maintain relationships with third parties to provide certain services to us or to our customers, including cloud hosting and other cloud-based services. We make contractual obligations to customers based on these relationships and, in some cases, also entrust these providers with both our own sensitive data as well as the sensitive data of our customers (that may include sensitive guest data). If these third-party providers do not perform as expected or encounter service disruptions, cyber-attacks, data breaches, or other difficulties, we or our customers may be materially and adversely affected, including, among other things, by facing increased costs, potential liability to customers, guests, or other third parties, regulatory issues, and reputational harm. If it is necessary to migrate these services to other providers because of poor performance, security considerations, or other financial or operational factors, it could result in service disruptions to our customers and significant time, expense, or exposure to us, any of which could materially adversely impact our business.

We also purchase hardware and technology, in some cases, from companies that may compete with us or work with our competitors. While we endeavor to use larger, more established providers wherever possible, in some cases, the providers may be smaller, less established companies, particularly in the case of new or unique technologies that we have not developed internally.

If any of these providers experience financial, operational, or quality assurance difficulties, or if any cease production, or there is any other disruption in the services we or our customers receive, including as a result of the acquisition of a supplier or partner by a competitor, cyber security issues, macroeconomic issues, or otherwise, we will be required to locate and migrate to alternative sources or providers, to internally develop the applicable technologies, to redesign our products, or to remove certain features from our products or to reduce our service levels, any of which would likely increase our expenses, create delays, or negatively impact our revenues. Although we strive to establish contractual protections with key providers, such as source code escrows, warranties, and indemnities, we may not be successful in obtaining adequate protections, these agreements may be short-term in duration, and the counterparties may be unwilling or unable to stand behind such protections. Moreover, these types of contractual protections offer limited practical benefits to us in the event our relationship with a key provider is interrupted.

#### We may not be able to enforce or protect our intellectual property rights.

We rely on a combination of copyright, patent, trademark and trade secret laws and restrictions on disclosure to protect our intellectual property rights. We cannot be certain that the steps we have taken will prevent unauthorized use of our technology. Any failure to protect our intellectual property rights would diminish or eliminate the competitive advantages that we derive from our proprietary technology.

#### We may be subject to claims of infringement of third-party intellectual property rights.

Third parties may assert claims that our software or technology infringe, misappropriate, or otherwise violate their intellectual property or other proprietary rights. Such claims may be made by our competitors seeking to obtain a competitive advantage or by other parties. The risk of claims may increase as the number of software products that we offer and competitors in our market increase and overlaps occur. Any such claims, regardless of merit, that result in litigation could result in substantial expenses, cause reputational harm, divert the attention of management, cause significant delays in introducing new or enhanced services or technology, materially disrupt the conduct of our business, and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

While we do not believe that our products and services infringe any patents or other intellectual property rights, from time to time, we receive claims that we have infringed the intellectual property rights of others. For example, on April 6, 2012, Ameranth, Inc. filed a complaint against us in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of California, alleging that certain of our products infringe patents owned by Ameranth directed to configuring and transmitting hospitality menus (e.g., restaurant menus) for display on electronic devices, and synchronizing the menu content between the devices. Although judgement was entered for us and against Ameranth on all claims in that suit in 2022, the litigation resulted in substantial expenses, even though it did not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

### If we fail to meet our customers' performance expectations, our reputation may be harmed, and we may be exposed to legal liability.

Our ability to attract and retain customers depends to a large extent on our relationships with our customers and our reputation for high quality services and solutions. As a result, if a customer is not satisfied with our products and services, our reputation may be damaged. Moreover, if we fail to meet our customers' performance expectations or if customers experience service disruptions, breaches or other quality issues, we may lose customers and be subject to legal liability, particularly if such failure, service disruptions or breaches adversely impact our customers' businesses.

In addition, many of our projects are critical to the operations of our customers' businesses. While our contracts typically include provisions designed to limit our exposure to legal claims relating to our products and services, these provisions may not adequately protect us or may not be enforceable in all cases. The general liability insurance coverage that we maintain, including coverage for errors and omissions, is subject to important exclusions and limitations. We cannot be certain that this coverage will continue to be available on reasonable terms or will be available in sufficient amounts to cover one or more large claims, or that the insurer will not disclaim coverage as to any future claim. A successful assertion of one or more large claims against us that exceeds our available insurance coverage or changes in our insurance policies, including premium increases or the imposition of large deductible or co-insurance requirements, could adversely affect our profitability.

#### **Risks Relating to the Industries We Serve**

### Our business depends to a significant degree on the hospitality industry, and instability and downturns in the hospitality industry could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Because our customer base is concentrated in the hospitality industry, our business and sales are largely dependent on the health of that industry, which in turn is dependent on the domestic and international economy. Instabilities or downturns in the hospitality industry, such as those resulting from the impacts of pandemics, geopolitical unrest, economic uncertainty, among other things, could disproportionately impact our revenue, as customers may exit the industry or delay, cancel or reduce planned expenditures for our products.

#### Consolidation in the gaming and other hospitality industries could adversely affect our business.

Customers that we serve may seek to achieve economies of scale and other synergies by combining with or acquiring other companies. The hospitality industry has experienced recent consolidations, including the hotel and gaming sectors of the industry. Although recent consolidations in the hospitality industry have not materially adversely affected our business, there is no assurance that future consolidations will not have an impact. For example, if one of our current customers merges or consolidates with a company that relies on another provider's products or services, it could decide to reduce or cease its purchases of products or services from us, which could have an adverse effect on our business.

#### Insolvencies in the hospitality industry could adversely affect our business.

Customers that we serve may be or become insolvent. Loss of revenue and other operating challenges may cause some of our customers to declare bankruptcy or cause their lenders to declare a default, accelerate the related debt, or foreclose on their property. Customers in bankruptcy may not have sufficient assets to pay us unpaid fees or reimbursements we are owed under their agreements with us. If a significant number of customers file for bankruptcy or otherwise fail to pay amounts owed to us, our revenues and liquidity could be adversely affected.

#### **Risks Relating to Our Finances and Capital Structure**

#### Our stock has been volatile, and we expect that it will continue to be volatile.

During the year ended March 31, 2025, the trading price of our common stock ranged from a low close of \$71.45 to a high close of \$141.74. The market price for our common stock could be subject to wide fluctuations in response to many risk factors listed in this section, and others beyond our control. Factors affecting the trading price of our common stock may include, but are not limited to:

- uncertainties in the global economy;
- economic news or other events generally causing volatility in the trading markets;
- our operating results failing to meet the expectation of securities analysts or investors in a particular period or failure of securities analysts to publish reports about us or our business;
- announcements by us or our competitors of acquisitions, new offerings or improvements, significant contracts, commercial relationships or capital commitments;
- our ability to market new and enhanced solutions on a timely basis;
- any major change in our board or management; and
- general economic and political conditions such as recessions, interest rates, tariffs, fuel prices, international currency fluctuations, global or regional pandemics, and acts of war or terrorism.

Additionally, our ownership base has been and may continue to be concentrated in a few shareholders, which could increase the volatility of our common share price over time.

#### If we acquire new businesses, we may not be able to successfully integrate them or attain the anticipated benefits.

As part of our operating history and growth strategy, we have acquired other businesses. In the future, we may continue to seek acquisitions. We can provide no assurance that we will be able to identify and acquire targeted businesses or obtain financing for such acquisitions on satisfactory terms. The process of integrating acquired businesses into our operations may result in unforeseen difficulties and may require a disproportionate amount of resources and management attention. If integration of our acquired businesses is not successful, we may not realize the potential benefits of an acquisition or suffer other adverse effects.

#### Our financial results may be significantly impacted by changes in our tax position.

We are subject to taxes in the United States and numerous foreign jurisdictions. Our future effective tax rates could be impacted by changes in the mix of earnings in countries with differing statutory tax rates, changes in the valuation allowance on deferred tax assets (including our net operating loss carryforwards), changes in unrecognized tax benefits, or changes in tax laws or their interpretation. Any of these changes could have a material adverse effect on our profitability. In addition, the tax authorities in the jurisdictions in which we operate, including the United States, may from time to time review the pricing arrangements between us and our foreign subsidiaries or among our foreign subsidiaries. An adverse determination by one or more tax authorities in this regard may have a material adverse effect on our financial results.

We have significant deferred tax assets which can provide us with significant future cash tax savings if we are able to use them, including significant net operating losses. However, the extent to which we will be able to use these net operating losses may be impacted, restricted, or eliminated by a number of factors, including changes in tax rates, laws or regulations, and whether we generate sufficient future taxable income. To the extent that we are unable to utilize our net operating losses or other losses, our results of operations, liquidity, and financial condition could be materially adversely impacted. When we cease to have net operating losses available to us in a particular tax jurisdiction, either through their expiration, disallowance, or utilization, our cash tax liability will increase in that jurisdiction.

#### We are exposed to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations that could negatively impact our financial results.

We earn revenue, pay expenses, own assets, and incur liabilities in countries using currencies other than the U.S. dollar, including the British pound sterling, euro, Indian rupee, Australian dollar, Singapore dollar, and Canadian dollar, among others. Because our consolidated financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars, we must translate revenue, expenses, assets, and liabilities of entities using non-U.S. dollar functional currencies into U.S. dollars using currency exchange rates in effect during or at the end of each reporting period, meaning that we are exposed to the impact of changes in currency exchange rates. In addition, the revaluation and settlement of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar impact our net income with associated gains or losses recorded within other income (expense), net.

#### We are exposed to tariff policy changes that could negatively impact our financial results.

The current global trade environment is characterized by uncertainty and evolving tariff policies. Further imposition of increased tariffs, trade restrictions, or trade disputes between major economies could lead to broader economic instability, decreased global customer demand, and increased volatility in currency exchange rates. Higher prices for goods due to tariffs may reduce consumer spending, which could lead to decreased demand for our customers' products, which may ultimately affect our revenue and profitability. These factors could negatively impact our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

#### We may have exposure to greater than anticipated tax liabilities.

Some of our products and services may be subject to sales taxes in jurisdictions where we have not collected and remitted such taxes from our customers. We believe we have appropriately accrued for these contingencies. In the event actual results differ, we may need to make adjustments, which could materially impact our financial condition and results of operations.

#### We may incur goodwill and intangible asset impairment charges that adversely affect our operating results.

As of March 31, 2025, we had \$130.6 million of goodwill and \$70.8 million of intangible assets, net, on our Consolidated Balance Sheet. We review our indefinite-lived intangible assets including goodwill for impairment on at least an annual basis or more frequently if an event or events indicate the potential for impairment. We assess as needed whether there have been impairments in our other intangible assets. We make assumptions and estimates in our assessments that can be complex and subjective. In our assumptions and estimates we consider whether negative factors exist such as deteriorating economic conditions, disruptions to our business, inability to effectively integrate acquired businesses, intensified competition, market capitalization declines, or significant changes in use of the intangible assets. To the extent that such factors or other negative factors emerge, we may record non-cash impairment charges in the future that could negatively impact our financial condition and results of operations.

#### We may encounter risks associated with maintaining large cash balances.

While we have attempted to invest our cash balances in investments we consider to be relatively safe, we nevertheless confront credit and liquidity risks. Bank failures could result in reduced liquidity or the actual loss of money held in deposit accounts in excess of federally insured amounts, if any.

#### **Other Risk Factors**

## Provisions of our corporate governance documents and Delaware Law could make an acquisition of the company more difficult and may prevent attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management, even if beneficial to our stockholders.

Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws and the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL"), contain provisions that could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if doing so might be beneficial to our stockholders. These provisions include:

- advance notice requirements for stockholder proposals and director nominations;
- the ability of our board of directors to fill a vacancy created by the expansion of our board of directors;
- the ability of our board of directors to issue up to 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, in one or more series, without stockholder approval and with such designations, powers, preferences and rights, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions as our board of directors may deem appropriate;

- prohibition on the ability of stockholders to call special meetings; and
- the required approval of holders of at least two-thirds of the voting power of our issued and outstanding capital stock entitled to vote in the election of directors to adopt, amend or repeal certain provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, though our bylaws can also be amended by vote of our board of directors.

In addition, Section 203 of the DGCL may affect the ability of an "interested stockholder" to engage in certain business combinations, for a period of three years following the time that the stockholder becomes an "interested stockholder."

Because our board of directors is responsible for appointing the members of our management team, these provisions could in turn affect any attempt to replace current members of our management team. As a result, you may lose your ability to sell your stock for a price in excess of the prevailing market price due to these protective measures, and efforts by stockholders to change the direction or management of the company may be unsuccessful.

#### Accounting principle updates could have a negative impact on our financial condition or operating results.

We prepare our Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). Our application of new accounting principles can have a significant impact on our operating results including previously reported results subject to any retroactive treatment. In addition, new accounting principles may require significant changes to certain aspects of our business including how we operate and contract with our customers and suppliers. In order to manage such changes, we may incur significant costs to implement and maintain potentially extensive updates to our accounting systems and internal control over financial reporting that could negatively impact our financial condition and the results of our operations. Furthermore, difficulties or delays in applying new accounting principles could result in a failure to meet our financial reporting obligations.

### If we fail to maintain an effective system of internal controls, we may be unable to prevent or detect fraud or internal control deficiencies including material weaknesses, which could have a material adverse impact on our business.

We design and operate our internal control over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance about the reliability of financial reporting including the preparation of our Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with GAAP. Because of its inherent limitations, our system of internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect every misstatement. Accordingly, although the Company's management has concluded that our internal controls are effective as of March 31, 2025, we cannot provide absolute assurance that the objectives of our controls system are met. No evaluation of internal controls can provide absolute assurance that control matters and instances of fraud, if any, within our Company have been detected.

#### Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

None.

#### Item 1C. Cybersecurity.

We have an enterprise-wide information security program designed to identify, protect, detect, respond to and manage reasonably foreseeable cybersecurity risks and threats. To protect our information systems from cybersecurity threats, we use various security tools and third-party managed security services that help prevent, identify, escalate, investigate, resolve and recover from identified vulnerabilities and security incidents in a timely manner. These include, but are not limited to, internal reporting, monitoring and detection tools. Security awareness training is also a key component of our information security program and involves required training for our employees several times per year.

We also evaluate the information security of potential partners and vendors as part of our vendor selection process and attempt to negotiate adequate protections from such third parties when we enter into contracts with them. Although our security program is designed to identify, prioritize, assess, mitigate and remediate third party risks, we rely on our partners and vendors to implement security programs commensurate with their risk, and we cannot ensure in all circumstances that their efforts will be successful.

We regularly assess risks from cybersecurity and technology threats and monitor our information systems for potential vulnerabilities. We use a widely-adopted risk quantification model to identify, measure and prioritize cybersecurity and technology risks and develop related security controls and safeguards to mitigate such risks. We conduct regular reviews and tests of our information security program and also leverage tabletop exercises, penetration and vulnerability testing,

and third-party red team exercises to evaluate the effectiveness of our information security program and improve our security measures.

We also engage an external auditor to conduct an annual Security and Organizational Controls 2 (SOC 2) examination of the security controls for systems storing customer data. The external auditor additionally conducts an annual payment card industry (PCI) data security standard review of our security controls that protect payment information.

Our systems periodically experience attacks intended to lead to interruptions and delays in our services and operations as well as loss, misuse or theft of personal information (of third parties, employees, and our customers) and other data, confidential information or intellectual property. However, no cybersecurity incidents have had a material impact on our business, financial condition or results of operations, and we are not presently aware of any cybersecurity threats that are reasonably likely to materially affect us. Any significant disruption to our service or access to our systems could result in a loss of customer data and adversely affect our business and results of operation. Further, a penetration of our systems or a third-party's systems or other misappropriation or misuse of personal information could subject us to business, regulatory, litigation and reputation risk, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. See "Risk Factors — Cyber-attacks involving our systems and data could expose us to liability or harm our reputation and have a material adverse effect on our business."

The Vice President and Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) leads the global information security organization responsible for overseeing our information security program. Our CISO has over 25 years of industry experience, including serving in similar roles leading and overseeing cybersecurity programs at other public companies, and is a Certified Information Security Professional and Information Systems Security Architecture Professional. Team members who support our information security program have relevant educational and industry experience, including having held similar positions at large technology companies. Given the nature of our business, management is highly focused on identifying and managing cybersecurity risks, and our CISO and information security teams provide regular reports to senior management and other relevant teams on various cybersecurity threats, assessments and findings.

The Board has primary responsibility for oversight of the Company's cybersecurity risks. The Audit Committee is also responsible for reviewing the Company's cybersecurity risks and the steps that management has taken to protect against threats to the Company's information systems and security. The Audit Committee has formed a Cybersecurity Risk Subcommittee consisting of two independent directors to assist the Audit Committee in its oversight of cybersecurity risks. By its charter, all members of the Cybersecurity Risk Subcommittee must have a background or experience in information technology or cybersecurity and an understanding of cyber threats, risk mitigation and policy.

The results of our SOC 2 and PCI assessments are annually reported to the Cybersecurity Risk Subcommittee. Both the Subcommittee and the Board receive regular reports from our CISO on various cybersecurity matters, including risk assessments, mitigation strategies, areas of emerging risks, incidents and industry trends, and other areas of importance. The Board also oversees our annual enterprise risk assessment, where we assess key risks within the company, including cyber security and technology risks.

#### Item 2. Properties.

Our corporate headquarters is located in Alpharetta, Georgia where we lease approximately 28,000 square feet of office space. In addition, we lease approximately 36,000 square feet of office space in Las Vegas, Nevada, 8,000 square feet of office space in Bellevue, Washington, 3,000 square feet of office space in Santa Barbara, California, and 6,000 square feet of warehouse space in Roswell, Georgia. Internationally, we lease approximately 197,000 square feet of office space in Chennai, India, 14,000 square feet in Markham, Canada, 2,000 square feet in Toronto, Canada, and lease several other smaller office locations throughout Europe and Asia. Our major leases contain renewal options for periods of up to 5 years. We believe our office space facilities are sufficient to meet our current needs and do not anticipate any difficulty securing additional space as needed.

#### Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

We are involved in legal actions that arise in the ordinary course of business. It is the opinion of management that the resolution of any current pending litigation will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

#### Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

#### Item 4A. Information About Our Executive Officers.

The following table provides information with respect to all persons serving as executive officers as of May 21, 2025, including business experience for the last five years.

Name	Position	Age	Executive Officer Since
Ramesh Srinivasan	President and Chief Executive Officer since January 2017.	65	2017
Kyle Badger	Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary since October 2011.	56	2011
Joe Youssef	Chief Commercial Officer & Senior Vice President of Sales - Americas & EMEA since August 2024, when he joined Agilysys. Previously, he was Executive Vice President – Commercial from 2023-2024, Executive Vice President – Business Intelligence and Data solutions from 2020-2023, and Executive Vice President - Hospitality from 2014-2020 at Amadeus.	51	2025
Chris Robertson	Vice President, Corporate Controller and Treasurer, since June 2019. Previously he served as Corporate Controller and Treasurer from June 2017 to June 2019.	54	2017
Sethuram Shivashankar	Senior Vice President, Chief Technology Officer and Chief Information Officer, since July 2023. Previously he served as Senior Vice President, Chief Information Officer from March 2022 to July 2023, and Vice President, Special Projects, from January 2022 to March 2022. Prior to Agilysys, he served as Senior Vice President, Gaming Systems at Scientific Games from October 2018 to April 2021.	55	2022
William David ("Dave") Wood III	Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer since June 2020. Previously he served as Vice President – Corporate Strategy & Investor Relations from June 2019 to May 2020, and Vice President – Finance from June 2017 to June 2019.	47	2020

There are no family relationships among the executive officers or directors of the Company.

#### Part II

#### Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Shareholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

#### **Market Information**

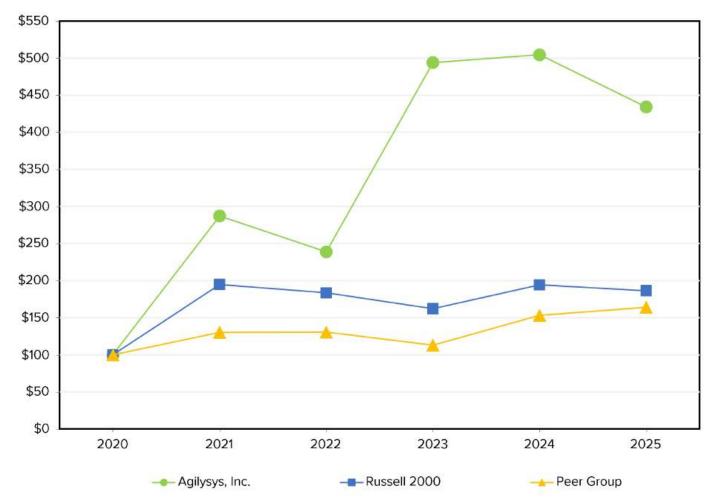
Our common shares, without par value, are traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "AGYS". As of May 16, 2025, there were 962 registered holders of our common shares.

#### **Dividends**

We did not pay dividends in fiscal 2025 or 2024 on our common stock and are unlikely to do so in the foreseeable future. The current practice of the Board of Directors is to retain any available earnings for use in the operations and growth of our business, both organically and through acquisitions.

#### Shareholder Return Performance Presentation

The following chart compares the value of \$100 invested in our common shares, including reinvestment of dividends, with a similar investment in the Russell 2000 Index (the "Russell 2000") and with the companies listed in the SIC Code 7373-Computer Integrated Systems Design for the period March 31, 2020 through March 31, 2025. The stock price performance in this graph is not necessarily indicative of the future performance of our common shares.



#### **Comparison of 5 Year Cumulative Total Return**

#### Indexed Returns

	I	Base Period Fiscal Years Ended March 31,									
Company Name / Index		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024	2025
Agilysys, Inc.	\$	100.00	\$	287.19	\$	238.80	\$	494.01	\$	504.43	\$ 434.21
Russell 2000	\$	100.00	\$	194.85	\$	183.57	\$	162.27	\$	194.25	\$ 186.46
Peer Group	\$	100.00	\$	130.53	\$	130.64	\$	113.19	\$	153.30	\$ 164.21

This performance graph shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended or incorporated by reference into any of our filings under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, of the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

#### Item 6. [Reserved]

#### Item 7. Managements' Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

In "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" ("MD&A"), management explains the general financial condition and results of operations for Agilysys and subsidiaries including:

- what factors affect our business;
- what our earnings and costs were;
- why those earnings and costs were different from the year before;
- where the earnings came from;
- how our financial condition was affected; and
- where the cash will come from to fund future operations.

The MD&A analyzes changes in specific line items in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and provides information that management believes is important to assessing and understanding our consolidated financial condition and results of operations. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes that appear in Item 8 of this Annual Report titled, "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data." Information provided in the MD&A may include forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Many factors could cause actual results to be materially different from those contained in the forward-looking statements. See "Forward-Looking Information" on page 3 of this Annual Report and Item 1A "Risk Factors" in Part I of this Annual Report for additional information concerning these items. Management believes that this information, discussion, and disclosure is important in making decisions about investing in Agilysys.

#### Overview

#### Recent Developments

#### Macroeconomic Conditions

During the year ended March 31, 2025, global macroeconomic conditions were, and continue to be, influenced by a number of factors, including, but not limited to, political unrest, armed conflicts, changes to tariffs and trade policies, labor shortages and natural disasters. We believe such conditions are impacting customer spending and provider pricing decisions resulting in decreased demand, increased costs, and reduced margins particularly in areas outside of the United States.

#### Book4Time

On August 20, 2024, we acquired Book4Time Parent, Inc. ("Book4Time"), a global leader in spa management SaaS software, as further described in Note 16, *Business Combinations*, to our condensed consolidated financial statements included under Part II, Item 8 of this annual report. The cash consideration for the acquisition totaled \$145.8 million of net cash, partially funded by a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") we entered into on August 16, 2024 (the "Credit Agreement Closing Date"), with the lenders party thereto and Bank of America, N.A., as lender and administrative agent, as further described in Note 15, *Debt*, to our condensed consolidated financial statements included under Part II, Item 8 of this annual report.

#### Our Business

Agilysys has been a leader in hospitality software for more than 45 years, delivering innovative state-of-the-art cloud-native SaaS and on-premise guest-centric technology solutions. Customers around the world include: branded and independent hotels; multi-amenity resort properties; casinos; property, hotel and resort management companies; cruise lines; corporate dining providers; higher education campus dining providers; food service management companies; hospitals; lifestyle communities; senior living facilities; stadiums; and theme parks. Agilysys offers the most comprehensive software solutions in the industry, including point-of-sale (POS), property management (PMS), inventory and procurement, payments, and related applications, to manage the entire guest journey. Agilysys is also known for its world class customer-centric service. Some of the largest hospitality companies around the world use Agilysys solutions to help improve guest loyalty, drive revenue growth and increase operational efficiencies.

The Company has one reportable segment serving the global hospitality industry. Agilysys operates across North America, Europe, the Middle East, Asia-Pacific, and India, with headquarters located in Alpharetta, Georgia.

Our top priority is increasing shareholder value by improving operating and financial performance and profitably growing the business through superior products and services. To that end, we expect to invest a certain portion of our cash on hand to fund enhancements to existing software products, to develop and market new software products, and to expand our customer breadth, both vertically and geographically.

Our strategic plan specifically focuses on:

- Putting the customer first
- Product innovation and development
- Improving our liquidity
- Increasing organizational efficiency and teamwork
- Developing our employees and leaders
- Growing revenue by improving the breadth and depth of our product set across both point-of-sale and property management applications
- Growing revenue through international expansion

The primary objective of our ongoing strategic planning process is to create shareholder value by capitalizing on growth opportunities, increasing profitability and strengthening our competitive position within the specific technology solutions and end markets we serve. Profitability and industry-leading growth will be achieved through tighter management of operating expenses and sharpening the focus of our investments to concentrate on growth opportunities that offer the highest returns.

#### **Revenue – Defined**

As required by the SEC, we separately present revenue earned as products revenue, subscription and maintenance revenue or professional services revenue in our Consolidated Statements of Operations. In addition to the SEC requirements, we may, at times, also refer to revenue as defined below. The terminology, definitions, and applications of terms we use to describe our revenue may be different from those used by other companies and caution should be used when comparing these financial measures to those of other companies. We use the following terms to describe revenue:

- Revenue We present revenue net of sales returns and allowances.
- Products revenue Revenue earned from the sales of software licenses, third party hardware and operating systems.
- Subscription and maintenance revenue Revenue earned from the ongoing delivery of software updates, upgrades, bug fixes, technical support, and transaction-based fees over the period covered by subscription or maintenance agreements with our customers for both proprietary and remarketed solutions.
- Professional services revenue Revenue earned from the delivery of implementation, integration, development and installation services for proprietary and remarketed products.

#### **Results of Operations**

#### Fiscal 2025 Compared to Fiscal 2024

#### Net Revenue and Operating Income

The following table presents our consolidated revenue and operating results for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024:

	Year Ended March 31,				Increase (deo	crease)
(In thousands)	2025		2024		\$	%
Net revenue:						
Products	\$ 41,324	\$	49,083	\$	(7,759)	(15.8)%
Subscription and maintenance	170,051		138,069		31,982	23.2%
Professional services	64,249		50,312		13,937	27.7%
Total net revenue	275,624		237,464		38,160	16.1%
Cost of goods sold:						
Products	22,055		26,318		(4,263)	(16.2)%
Subscription and maintenance	37,464		30,870		6,594	21.4%
Professional services	44,117		36,020		8,097	22.5%
Total cost of goods sold	103,636		93,208		10,428	11.2%
Gross profit	\$ 171,988	\$	144,256	\$	27,732	19.2%
Gross profit margin	<i>62.4%</i>		60.7%			
Operating expenses:						
Product development	\$ 62,411	\$	56,739	\$	5,672	10.0%
Sales and marketing	33,144		28,439		4,705	16.5%
General and administrative	40,832		36,279		4,553	12.5%
Depreciation of fixed assets	3,679		3,896		(217)	(5.6)%
Amortization of internal-use software and intangibles	3,859		1,366		2,493	182.5%
Other charges, net	4,628		1,756		2,872	163.6%
Legal settlements	844		28		816	nm
Operating income	\$ 22,591	\$	15,753	\$	6,838	43.4%
Operating income percentage	<b>8.2</b> %		6.6%			

nm - not meaningful

The following table presents the percentage relationship of our Consolidated Statement of Operations line items to our consolidated net revenues for the periods presented:

	Year Ended Mar	ch 31,
	2025	2024
Net revenue:		
Products	15.0%	20.7%
Subscription and maintenance	61.7	58.1
Professional services	23.3	21.2
Total net revenue	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of goods sold:		
Products	8.0%	11.1%
Subscription and maintenance	13.6	13.0
Professional services	16.0	15.2
Total cost of goods sold	37.6%	39.3%
Gross profit	62.4%	60.7%
Operating expenses:		
Product development	22.6%	23.9%
Sales and marketing	12.0	12.0
General and administrative	14.8	15.3
Depreciation of fixed assets	1.3	1.6
Amortization of internal-use software and intangibles	1.4	0.6
Other charges, net	1.7	0.7
Legal settlements	0.4	0.0
Operating income	8.2%	6.6%

*Net revenue.* Total net revenue increased \$38.2 million, or 16.1%, in fiscal 2025 compared to fiscal 2024. Products revenue decreased \$7.8 million, or 15.8%, due to increasing customer preference for subscription-based software licenses instead of perpetual software licenses and to their decreasing need for hardware due to improvements we have made to our technology enabling more support for consumer grade devices our customers can source elsewhere. Subscription and maintenance revenue increased \$32.0 million, or 23.2%, driven by continued growth in subscription-based revenue including service to Book4Time customers. Total subscription revenue increased 39.5% in fiscal 2025 compared to fiscal 2024. Professional services revenue increased \$13.9 million, or 27.7%, due to higher sales and service activity as our new and existing customers continue implementing technology to improve their operations.

*Gross profit and gross profit margin.* Our total gross profit increased \$27.7 million, or 19.2%, in fiscal 2025 and total gross profit margin increased from 60.7% to 62.4% compared to fiscal 2024 driven by changes in the composition of revenue by category. Products gross profit decreased \$3.5 million, or 15.4%, and gross profit margin increased from 46.4% to 46.6% due to the composition of hardware and proprietary software products delivered. Subscription and maintenance gross profit increased \$25.4 million, or 23.7%, and gross profit margin increased from 77.6% to 78.0% as revenue increases outpaced variable costs due to certain cost control measures. Professional services gross profit increased \$5.8 million, or 40.9%, and gross profit margin increased from 28.4% to 31.3% reflecting improved utilization rates from efficiency gains on multi-solution implementations and revenue associated with a large development service contract.

#### Operating expenses

Operating expenses, excluding the charges for legal settlements and other charges, increased \$17.2 million, or 13.6%, in fiscal 2025 compared with fiscal 2024. As a percent of total revenue, operating expenses have decreased 1.1% in fiscal 2025 compared with fiscal 2024.

*Product development.* Product development includes all expenses associated with research and development. Product development increased \$5.7 million, or 10.0%, during fiscal 2025 as compared to fiscal 2024 due to hiring and increased compensation rates across our development teams and increased travel.

*Sales and marketing.* Sales and marketing increased \$4.7 million, or 16.5%, in fiscal 2025 compared with fiscal 2024 due to hiring and increased compensation rates across our sales and marketing teams, and continued expansion of marketing event and trade show activity.

*General and administrative.* General and administrative increased \$4.6 million, or 12.5%, in fiscal 2025 compared to fiscal 2024 due to investments in our information security and information technology infrastructure, increased compensation rates across our administrative teams and, during the quarter ended June 30, 2024, payroll taxes associated with certain exercises of stock-settled appreciation rights.

*Depreciation of fixed assets.* Depreciation of fixed assets decreased \$0.2 million or 5.6% in fiscal 2025 as compared to fiscal 2024 due to the timing of assets reaching their useful life.

*Amortization of internal-use software and intangibles.* Amortization of internal-use software and intangibles increased \$2.5 million or 182.5% in fiscal 2025 as compared to fiscal 2024 due to the addition of certain intangible assets resulting from the Book4Time acquisition.

*Other charges, net.* Other charges, net increased \$2.9 million due to a significant increase in acquisition costs related to business combinations and a reduction of gains on asset disposals during fiscal 2025 compared to fiscal 2024.

*Legal settlements.* Legal settlements increased \$0.8 million during fiscal 2025 compared to fiscal 2024 due to an increase in certain customer settlements.

#### Other Income (Expense)

Year			l Mai	rch 31,	Favorable (unfavorable			
(In thousands)		2025		2024		\$	%	
Other income (expense):								
Interest income	\$	3,782	\$	5,083	\$	(1,301)	(25.6)%	
Interest expense		(1,529)		_		(1,529)	nm	
Other income (expense), net		791		(152)		943	nm	
Total other income, net	\$	3,044	\$	4,931	\$	(1,887)	(38.3)%	

#### nm – not meaningful

*Interest income.* Interest income consists of interest earned on cash equivalents including short-term investments in commercial paper, treasury bills and money market funds.

*Interest expense.* Interest expense consists of interest charges under our Credit Agreement and amortization of related debt issuance costs.

*Other income (expense), net.* Other income (expense), net mainly consists of movement of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar.

#### Income Taxes

	Year Ended March 31,			rable		
(In thousands)		2025	2024		\$	%
Income tax provision (benefit)	\$	2,410	\$ (65,511)	\$	67,921	nm
Effective tax rate		9.4%	nm			

#### nm – not meaningful

For fiscal 2025, the effective tax rate was different than the statutory rate due primarily to the benefit of U.S. R&D credits and the release of valuation allowances recorded against foreign deferred tax assets, consisting primarily of Net Operating Losses.

We are consistently subject to tax audits. Due to the nature of examinations in multiple jurisdictions, changes could occur in the amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits during the next 12 months that we cannot anticipate.

The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets depends on various factors including the generation of taxable income during the future periods in which the underlying temporary differences are deductible. As of March 31, 2025, we had \$29.7 million of federal net operating loss carryforwards that expire, if unused, in fiscal years 2036 to 2039, and \$42.5 million of federal net operating loss carryforwards that can be carried forward indefinitely. We also had \$111.5 million of state net operating loss carryforwards that expire, if unused, in fiscal years 2026 through 2043. We maintain valuation allowances for deferred tax assets until we have sufficient evidence to support the reversal of all or some portion of the allowances. Based on recent earnings and anticipated future earnings, we released valuation allowances previously maintained against our businesses in Singapore and Hong Kong.

#### Fiscal 2024 Compared to Fiscal 2023

#### Net Revenue and Operating Income

The following table presents our consolidated revenue and operating results for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Year Ended March 31,			Increase (de	ecrease)	
(In thousands)		2024		2023	 \$	%
Net revenue:						
Products	\$	49,083	\$	43,638	\$ 5,445	12.5%
Subscription and maintenance		138,069		118,285	19,784	16.7%
Professional services		50,312		36,142	14,170	39.2%
Total net revenue		237,464		198,065	39,399	19.9%
Cost of goods sold:						
Products		26,318		22,994	3,324	14.5%
Subscription and maintenance		30,870		26,262	4,608	17.5%
Professional services		36,020		27,990	8,030	28.7%
Total cost of goods sold		93,208		77,246	15,962	20.7%
Gross profit	\$	144,256	\$	120,819	\$ 23,437	19.4%
Gross profit margin		60.7%		61.0%		
Operating expenses:						
Product development	\$	56,739	\$	50,260	\$ 6,479	12.9%
Sales and marketing		28,439		22,716	5,723	25.2%
General and administrative		36,279		30,669	5,610	18.3%
Depreciation of fixed assets		3,896		1,769	2,127	120.2%
Amortization of internal-use software and intangibles		1,366		1,743	(377)	(21.6)%
Other charges, net		1,756		435	1,321	nm
Legal settlements		28		352	(324)	nm
Operating income	\$	15,753	\$	12,875	\$ 2,878	nm
Operating income percentage		6.6%		6.5%		

The following table presents the percentage relationship of our Consolidated Statement of Operations line items to our consolidated net revenues for the periods presented:

	Year Ended Ma	rch 31,
	2024	2023
Net revenue:		
Products	20.7%	22.1%
Subscription and maintenance	58.1	59.7
Professional services	21.2	18.2
Total net revenue	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of goods sold:		
Products	11.1%	11.6%
Subscription and maintenance	13.0	13.3
Professional services	15.2	14.1
Total cost of goods sold	39.3%	39.0%
Gross profit	60.7%	61.0%
Operating expenses:		
Product development	23.9%	25.3%
Sales and marketing	12.0	11.5
General and administrative	15.3	15.5
Depreciation of fixed assets	1.6	0.9
Amortization of internal-use software and intangibles	0.6	0.9
Other charges, net	0.7	0.2
Legal settlements	0.0	0.2
Operating income	6.6%	6.5%

*Net revenue.* Total revenue increased \$39.4 million, or 19.9%, in fiscal 2024 compared to fiscal 2023. Products revenue increased \$5.4 million, or 12.5%, due to higher sales and deliveries to new customers and expansion with existing customers. Subscription and maintenance revenue increased \$19.8 million, or 16.7%, driven by continued growth in subscription-based revenue, which increased 29.6% in fiscal 2024 compared to fiscal 2023. Professional services revenue increased \$14.2 million, or 39.2%, due to higher sales and service activity as our new and existing customers continue implementing technology to improve their operations.

*Gross profit and gross profit margin.* Our total gross profit increased \$23.4 million, or 19.4%, in fiscal 2024 and total gross profit margin decreased from 61.0% to 60.7% compared to fiscal 2023 driven by changes in the composition of revenue by category. Products gross profit increased \$2.1 million and gross profit margin decreased from 47.3% to 46.4% due to the composition of hardware products delivered. Subscription and maintenance gross profit increased \$15.2 million and gross profit margin decreased from 77.8% to 77.6% as certain variable costs increased ahead of related revenue. Professional services gross profit increased \$6.1 million and gross profit margin increased from 22.6% to 28.4% reflecting improved utilization rates from efficiency gains on multi-solution implementations.

#### Operating expenses

Operating expenses, excluding the charges for legal settlements and other charges, increased \$19.6 million, or 18.3%, in fiscal 2024 compared with fiscal 2023. As a percent of total revenue, operating expenses have decreased 0.7% in fiscal 2024 compared with fiscal 2023.

*Product development.* Product development includes all expenses associated with research and development. Product development increased \$6.5 million, or 12.9%, during fiscal 2024 as compared to fiscal 2023 due to hiring and increased compensation rates across our development teams, increased travel, and higher rent.

*Sales and marketing.* Sales and marketing increased \$5.7 million, or 25.2%, in fiscal 2024 compared with fiscal 2023 due to hiring and increased salary, incentive and employee benefits rates across our sales and marketing teams, and continued expansion of marketing event and trade show activity.

*General and administrative.* General and administrative increased \$5.6 million, or 18.3%, in fiscal 2024 compared to fiscal 2023 due to investments in our information security infrastructure along with hiring and increased compensation rates across our administrative teams, increased travel, and higher subscription charges for cloud computing arrangements.

*Depreciation of fixed assets.* Depreciation of fixed assets increased \$2.1 million or 120.2% in fiscal 2024 as compared to fiscal 2023 due to significant capital expenditures over the last two fiscal years to build out new office spaces and to properly equip growing teams across the Company.

*Amortization of internal-use software and intangibles.* Amortization of internal-use software and intangibles decreased \$0.4 million or 21.6% in fiscal 2024 as compared to fiscal 2023 due to the full amortization of certain intangible assets.

*Other charges, net.* Other charges, net increased \$1.3 million due to a significant increase in severance charges, common stock registration costs and certain compliance costs during fiscal 2024 compared to fiscal 2023.

*Legal settlements.* Legal settlements decreased \$0.3 million during fiscal 2024 compared to fiscal 2023 due to a decrease in settlements of employment and other business-related matters.

## Other Income (Expense)

	Year Ende	d Mar	rch 31,	Favorable (unfavorable)					
(In thousands)	2024		2023		\$	%			
Other income (expense):									
Interest income	\$ 5,083	\$	2,192	\$	2,891	nm			
Other (expense) income, net	(152)		697		(849)	nm			
Total other income, net	\$ 4,931	\$	2,889	\$	2,042	nm			

#### nm – not meaningful

*Interest income.* Interest income consists of interest earned on cash equivalents including short-term investments in commercial paper, treasury bills and money market funds.

*Other (expense) income, net.* Other (expense) income, net mainly consists of movement of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar.

## Income Taxes

	Year Ended	Mar	ch 31,	Unfavorable				
(In thousands)	2024		2023		\$	%		
Income tax provision (benefit)	\$ (65,511)	\$	1,182	\$	(66,693)	nm		
Effective tax rate	nm		7.5%					

#### nm – not meaningful

For fiscal 2024, the effective tax rate was different than the statutory rate due primarily to the release of valuation allowances recorded against U.S. Federal and certain State deferred tax assets, consisting primarily of Net Operating Losses.

We are consistently subject to tax audits. Due to the nature of examinations in multiple jurisdictions, changes could occur in the amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits during the next 12 months that we cannot anticipate.

The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets depends on various factors including the generation of taxable income during the future periods in which the underlying temporary differences are deductible. As of March 31, 2024, we had \$78.5 million of federal net operating loss carryforwards that expire, if unused, in fiscal years 2033 to 2039, and \$42.5 million of federal net operating loss carryforwards that can be carried forward indefinitely. We also had \$111.8 million of state net operating loss carryforwards that expire, if unused, in fiscal years 2025 through 2043. We maintain valuation allowances for deferred tax assets until we have sufficient evidence to support the reversal of all or some portion of the allowances. Based on recent earnings and anticipated future earnings, during fiscal year 2024, we released a significant portion of the valuation allowances previously maintained against our deferred tax assets.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

## Overview

Our primary recurring source of cash is the collection of proceeds from the sale of products and services to our customers, including cash periodically collected in advance of delivery or performance.

Our cash requirements consist primarily of working capital needs, capital expenditures, and payments of contractual obligations. Our contractual obligations consist primarily of operating leases for office space and our Credit Agreement. We disclose our lease obligations in Note 6, *Leases*, to our Consolidated Financial Statements included under Item 8 of this Annual Report.

The Credit Agreement provides for a revolving credit facility in the initial maximum aggregate principal amount of \$75.0 million (the "Revolving Facility"). The Revolving Facility includes the ability for the Company to request an increase to the commitments under the Revolving Facility by an additional aggregate principal amount of up to \$25.0 million. On the Credit Agreement Closing Date, we drew \$50.0 million on the Revolving Facility, the proceeds of which we used to fund the Business Combination described below. We disclose our Revolving Facility in Note 15, *Debt*, to our Consolidated Financial Statements included under Item 8 of this Annual Report.

We have expanded our business in part by investing in strategic growth through business acquisitions. We have used cash as consideration in our business acquisitions, including \$145.8 million of net cash, partially funded by our Revolving Facility, during the year ended March 31, 2025, to complete the acquisition of Book4Time. We completed no business combinations during the years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

At March 31, 2025, 100% of our cash and cash equivalents, of which 87% were held in the United States, were deposited in bank accounts or invested in highly liquid investments including treasury bills with original maturity from the date of acquisition of three months or less and money market funds. We also invest in commercial paper. We determine the fair value of commercial paper using significant other observable inputs based on pricing from independent sources that use quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or other observable inputs including benchmark yields and interest rates. We believe credit risk is limited with respect to our cash and cash equivalents.

We believe that cash flow from operating activities, cash on hand of \$73.0 million as of March 31, 2025, and access to our Revolving Facility and the broader capital markets will provide adequate funds to meet our short- and long-term liquidity requirements.

## Cash Flow

	Year Ended March 31,										
(In thousands)		2025		2024		2023					
Net cash provided by (used in):											
Operating activities	\$	55,128	\$	48,186	\$	34,463					
Investing activities		(148,566)		(7,602)		(6,870)					
Financing activities		21,928		(8,558)		(11,094)					
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(340)		23		(628)					
Increase (decrease) in cash	\$	(71,850)	\$	32,049	\$	15,871					

*Cash flow provided by operating activities.* Cash flows provided by operating activities were \$55.1 million in fiscal 2025. The provision of cash was due primarily to our net income of \$23.2 million adjusted for \$26.2 million in non-cash expense including depreciation, amortization, share-based compensation, deferred income taxes and an increase of \$5.7 million from the changes in operating assets and liabilities.

Cash flows provided by operating activities were \$48.2 million in fiscal 2024. The provision of cash was due primarily to our net income of \$86.2 million adjusted for \$48.0 million in non-cash expense including depreciation, amortization, share-based compensation, deferred income taxes, gains on asset disposals and an increase of \$10.0 million from the changes in operating assets and liabilities.

Cash flows provided by operating activities were \$34.5 million in fiscal 2023. The provision of cash was due primarily to our net income of \$14.6 million adjusted for \$16.5 million in non-cash expense including depreciation, amortization, and share-based compensation and an increase of \$3.4 million from the changes in operating assets and liabilities.

*Cash flow used in investing activities.* Cash flows used in investing activities in fiscal 2025 were \$148.6 million consisting primarily of \$145.8 million in cash paid for business combinations, net of cash acquired, and property and equipment purchases, which decreased during the year ended March 31, 2025 compared to the year ended March 31, 2024 due primarily to leasehold improvements and equipment purchases for our new office lease in Chennai, India during the year ended March 31, 2024.

Cash flows used in investing activities in fiscal 2024 were \$7.6 million due to \$8.1 million in purchases of property and equipment, including internal use software and \$0.5 million in cash received from the sale of fixed assets located at our India research and development center.

Cash flows used in investing activities in fiscal 2023 were \$6.9 million due to \$7.3 million in purchases of property and equipment, including internal use software and \$0.4 million in cash received from final working capital adjustments related to the ResortSuite acquisition.

*Cash flow provided by (used in) financing activities.* Cash flows provided by financing activities in fiscal 2025 were \$21.9 million due primarily to \$49.6 million in debt proceeds, net of issuance costs, debt repayments of \$26.0 million, proceeds from Employee Stock Purchase Plan of \$1.0 million, and share repurchases of \$2.7 million to satisfy employee tax withholding on share-based compensation.

Cash flows used in financing activities in fiscal 2024 were \$8.6 million due to share repurchases of \$6.9 million to satisfy employee tax withholding on share-based compensation, and \$1.7 million in preferred stock dividends.

Cash flows used in financing activities in fiscal 2023 were \$11.1 million due to share repurchases of \$9.3 million to satisfy employee tax withholding on share-based compensation and \$1.8 million in preferred stock dividends.

## Investments

## Investments in Corporate-Owned Life Insurance Policies

Agilysys invests in corporate-owned life insurance policies for certain former executives, for which some are endorsement split-dollar life insurance arrangements. We entered into agreements with each of the former executives, whereby we must maintain the life insurance policy for a specified amount and split a portion of the policy benefits with their designated beneficiary. Our investment in these corporate-owned life insurance policies were recorded at their cash surrender value, which approximates fair value at the balance sheet date. In the Consolidated Balance Sheets at the balance sheet date, the cash surrender value of \$1.1 million for the remaining policies were held in "Other non-current assets," and the present value of future proceeds owed to those executives' designated beneficiary of \$0.1 million, which approximates fair value, were recorded within "Other non-current liabilities" in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at the balance sheet date.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements that have had or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Managements' Discussion and Analysis is based upon our Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make significant estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We regularly evaluate our estimates, including those related to bad debts, inventories, investments, intangible assets, income taxes, restructuring, contingencies and litigation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Our most significant accounting policies relate to the sale, purchase, and promotion of our products and services. The policies discussed below are considered by management to be critical to an understanding of our Consolidated Financial Statements because their application places the most significant demands on management's judgment, with financial reporting results relying on estimation about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. Specific risks for these critical accounting policies are described in the following paragraphs.

For all these policies, management cautions that future events rarely develop exactly as forecasted, and the best estimates routinely require adjustment.

*Revenue recognition.* Our customary business practice is to enter into legally enforceable written contracts with our customers. The majority of our contracts are governed by a master service agreement between us and the customer, which sets forth the general terms and conditions of any individual contract between the parties, which is then supplemented by a customer order to specify the different goods and services, the associated prices, and any additional terms for an individual contract. Performance obligations specific to each individual contract are defined within the terms of each order. Each performance obligation is identified based on the goods and services that will be transferred to our customer that are both capable of being distinct and are distinct within the context of the contract. The transaction price is determined based on the customer. Typically, our contracts do not provide our customer with any right of return or refund; we do not constrain the contract price as it is probable that there will not be a significant revenue reversal due to a return or refund.

Typically, our customer contracts contain one or more of the following goods or services which constitute performance obligations.

Our proprietary software licenses typically provide for a perpetual right to use our software. Generally, our contracts do not provide significant services of integration and customization, and installation services are not required to be purchased directly from us. The software is delivered before related services are provided and is functional without professional services, updates and technical support. We have concluded that the software license is distinct as the customer can benefit from the software on its own. Software revenue is typically recognized when the software is delivered or made available for download to the customer.

We recognize revenue for hardware sales when the product is shipped to the customer and when obligations that affect the customer's final acceptance of the arrangement have been fulfilled. Hardware is purchased from suppliers and provided to the end-user customers via drop-ship or from inventory. We are responsible for negotiating the price both with the supplier and the customer, payment to the supplier, establishing payment terms and product returns with the customer, and bearing the credit risk if the customer does not pay for the goods. As the principal contact with the customer, we recognize revenue and cost of goods sold when we ship or are notified by the supplier that the product has been shipped. In certain limited instances, as shipping terms dictate, revenue is recognized upon receipt at the point of destination or upon installation at the customer site.

Our subscription service revenue is comprised of fees for contracts that provide customers a right to access our software for a subscribed period. We do not provide the customer the contractual right to license the software at any time outside of the subscription period under these contracts. Our subscription service revenue is primarily based on rates per location, including rates per points of sale and per room. We recognize certain subscription service revenue on a per-transaction basis. The customer can only benefit from the software and software maintenance when provided the right to access the software. Accordingly, each of the rights to access the software, the maintenance services, any hosting services, and any transaction-based services are not considered a distinct performance obligation in the context of the contract and should be combined into a single performance obligation to be recognized over the contract period. The Company recognizes subscription revenue over a one-month period based on the typical monthly invoicing and renewal cycle in accordance with our customer agreement terms.

We derive maintenance service revenue from providing unspecified updates, upgrades, bug fixes, and technical support services for our proprietary software. These services represent a stand-ready obligation that is concurrently delivered and has the same pattern of transfer to the customer; we account for these maintenance services as a single performance obligation. Maintenance revenue includes the same services provided by third-parties for remarketed software. We recognize substantially all maintenance revenue over the contract period of the maintenance agreement. We also recognize certain maintenance service revenue based on the volume of payment transactions processed by third parties through access to our software. Professional services revenues primarily consist of fees for consulting, implementation, installation, integration and training and are generally recognized over time as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits of the professional services as the services are being performed. Certain professional development services are recognized upon delivery of the developed solutions to the customer. Professional services can be provided by internal or external providers, do not significantly affect the customer's ability to access or use other provided goods or services, and provide a measure of benefit beyond that of other promised goods or services in the contract. As a result, professional services are considered distinct in the context of the contract and represent a separate performance obligation. Professional services that are billed on a time and materials basis are recognized over time as the services are performed. For contracts billed on a fixed price basis, revenue is recognized over time using an input method based on labor hours expended to date relative to the total labor hours expected to be required to satisfy the related performance obligation.

We use the market approach to drive standalone selling price ("SSP") by maximizing observable data points (in the form of recently executed customer contracts) to determine the price customers are willing to pay for the goods and services transferred. If the contract contains a single performance obligation, the entire transaction price is allocated to that performance obligation. Contracts that contain multiple performance obligations require an allocation of the transaction price to each performance obligation based on a relative SSP basis.

Shipping and handling fees billed to customers are recognized as revenue and the related costs are recognized in cost of goods sold. Revenue is recorded net of any applicable taxes collected and remitted to governmental agencies.

*Share-based compensation.* We have an equity incentive plan under which we may grant non-qualified stock options, incentive stock options, stock-settled stock appreciation rights, restricted shares, restricted stock units and performance shares. Shares issued pursuant to awards under this plan may be made out of treasury or authorized but unissued shares.

We record compensation expense related to stock-settled stock appreciation rights, restricted shares, restricted stock units, performance shares, and employee stock purchase plan shares granted to certain employees and non-employee directors based on the fair value of the awards on the grant date. The fair value of restricted share and restricted stock unit grants subject only to a service condition is based on the closing price of our common shares on the grant date. For stock option and stock-settled appreciation right grants subject only to a service condition, we estimate the fair value on the grant date using the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model with inputs including the closing market price at grant date, exercise price and assumptions regarding the risk-free interest rate, expected volatility of our common shares based on historical volatility, and expected term as estimated using the simplified method. For employee stock purchase plan grants, we estimate the fair value on the grant date using the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model with inputs including the closing market price at grant date and assumptions regarding the risk-free interest rate, expected term, and expected volatility of our common shares over the offering period based on historical volatility. For restricted share, restricted stock unit and SSAR grants subject to a market condition, we estimate the fair value on the grant date through a lattice option pricing model that utilizes a Monte Carlo analysis with inputs including the closing market price at grant date, share price threshold, performance period term and assumptions regarding the risk-free interest rate and expected volatility of our common shares based on historical volatility. Inputs for SSAR grants subject to a market condition also include exercise price, remaining contractual term, and suboptimal exercise factor. Forfeitures of awards are recognized as they occur. Additional information regarding the assumptions used to value share-based compensation awards is provided in Note 13, Share-Based Compensation, to our Consolidated Financial Statements included under Item 8 of this Annual Report.

## Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*, to our Consolidated Financial Statements included under Item 8 of this Annual Report for additional information about accounting pronouncements.

## Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We have assets, liabilities, and cash flows in foreign currencies creating foreign exchange risk. We sell products and services internationally and enter into transactions denominated in foreign currencies. As a result, we are subject to the variability that arises from exchange rate movements. For the fiscal years 2025, 2024 and 2023, revenue from international operations was 10%, 6% and 7%, respectively, of total revenue. The effects of foreign currency on operating results did not have a material impact on our results of operations for the 2025, 2024 and 2023 fiscal years. Fluctuations in the value of other currencies could materially impact our revenue, expenses, operating profit and net income.

# Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Agilysys, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## **ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K**

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## **Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

Board of Directors and Shareholders Agilysys, Inc.

## **Opinion on the financial statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Agilysys, Inc. (a Delaware corporation) and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, cash flows, and shareholders' equity for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2025, and the related notes and financial statement schedule included under Item 15(a) (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2025, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB"), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2025, based on criteria established in the 2013 Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"), and our report dated May 22, 2025 expressed an unqualified opinion.

## **Basis for opinion**

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S.federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

## **Critical audit matters**

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

## Valuation of customer relationship intangible assets related to the acquisition of Book4Time, Inc.

As described further in Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company acquired Book4Time, Inc. effective August 20, 2024, for total purchase consideration of \$148.3 million. As part of the acquisition, the Company acquired identifiable intangible assets, including customer relationships valued at \$35.8 million.

We identified the assumptions used in the valuation of customer relationships (specifically forecasted revenue growth rates, estimated customer attrition rates, forecasted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("forecasted EBITDA"), and discount rates) (collectively, the "Key Assumptions") acquired in the acquisition of Book4Time, Inc. as a critical audit matter.

The principal consideration for our determination that the valuation of customer relationships is a critical audit matter is the high degree of auditor judgment necessary in evaluating certain inputs and the Key Assumptions made by management in the valuation models used to determine fair value.

Our audit procedures related to the Company's valuation of customer relationships related to the acquisition of Book4Time, Inc. included the following, among others:

- We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design, and tested the operating effectiveness of the Company's relevant controls to value acquired intangible assets, including the Company's controls over the selection and review of the appropriateness of the Key Assumptions used in determining fair value.
- We evaluated the appropriateness of the Company's forecasted revenue growth rates used to value customer relationship intangible assets by (1) comparing forecasted revenue rates to forecasted industry growth rates and available market data, and (2) comparing forecasted revenue growth rates to historical growth rates of the acquired entity.
- We utilized an internal specialist to evaluate inputs and the Key Assumptions used to determine fair value. Our
  specialist compared the estimated customer attrition rates used to value the customer relationship intangible assets to
  historical customer retention data of the acquired entity, and compared the discount rates used to value the customer
  relationship intangible assets to independently developed discount rates derived from publicly available data for
  comparable companies.
- We evaluated the appropriateness of the Company's forecasted EBITDA used to value customer relationship intangible assets by (1) comparing forecasted EBITDA margin percentage to the Company's historical EBITDA margin percentage and (2) comparing forecasted EBITDA margin percentage to available industry and market data.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2015.

Atlanta, Georgia May 22, 2025

## Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Shareholders Agilysys, Inc.

## Opinion on internal control over financial reporting

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Agilysys, Inc. (a Delaware corporation) and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of March 31, 2025, based on criteria established in the 2013 Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2025, based on criteria established in the 2013 Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Cost of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2025, based on criteria established in the 2013 Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by COSO.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB"), the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025, and our report dated May 22, 2025 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

## **Basis for opinion**

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our audit of, and opinion on, the Company's internal control over financial reporting does not include the internal control over financial reporting of Book4Time, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary, whose financial statements reflect total assets (excluding goodwill and intangible assets acquired) and revenues constituting approximately two percent and four percent, respectively, of the related consolidated financial statement amounts as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025. As indicated in Management's Report, Book4Time, Inc. was acquired during fiscal year 2025. Management's assertion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting excluded internal control over financial reporting of Book4Time, Inc.

## Definition and limitations of internal control over financial reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Atlanta, Georgia May 22, 2025

# AGILYSYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share data)	March 31, 2025			March 31, 2024
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	73,041	\$	144,891
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for expected credit losses				
of \$627 and \$974, respectively		31,529		29,441
Contract assets		4,523		2,287
Inventories		5,174		4,587
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		9,260		7,731
Total current assets		123,527		188,937
Property and equipment, net		16,718		17,930
Operating lease right-of-use assets		17,114		18,384
Goodwill		130,640		32,791
Intangible assets, net		70,802		16,952
Deferred income taxes, non-current		66,520		67,373
Other non-current assets		9,049		8,063
Total assets	\$	434,370	\$	350,430
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	12,388	\$	9,422
Contract liabilities	-	70,654		56,148
Accrued liabilities		22,324		19,522
Operating lease liabilities, current		5,658		4,279
Total current liabilities		111,024		89,371
Deferred income taxes, non-current		10,986		554
Operating lease liabilities, non-current		17,304		19,613
Debt, non-current		24,000		_
Other non-current liabilities		5,170		4,415
Commitments and contingencies				
Shareholders' equity:				
Common shares, without par value, at \$0.30 stated value; 80,000,000 shares authorized; 33,342,288 shares issued; and 28,015,775 and 27,376,862 shares outstanding at March 31, 2025				
and March 31, 2024, respectively		10,003		10,003
Treasury shares, 5,326,513 and 5,965,426 at March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, respectively		(1,600)		(1,791)
Capital in excess of stated value		109,785		94,680
Retained earnings		160,980		137,755
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(13,282)		(4,170)
Total shareholders' equity		265,886		236,477
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	434,370	\$	350,430
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# AGILYSYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Year Ended March 31,						
(In thousands, except per share data)		2025		2024	2023		
Net revenue:							
Products	\$	41,324	\$	49,083	\$	43,638	
Subscription and maintenance		170,051		138,069		118,285	
Professional services		64,249		50,312		36,142	
Total net revenue		275,624		237,464		198,065	
Cost of goods sold:							
Products		22,055		26,318		22,994	
Subscription and maintenance		37,464		30,870		26,262	
Professional services		44,117		36,020		27,990	
Total cost of goods sold		103,636		93,208		77,246	
Gross profit		171,988		144,256		120,819	
Gross profit margin		62.4%		60.7%		61.0%	
Operating expenses:							
Product development		62,411		56,739		50,260	
Sales and marketing		33,144		28,439		22,716	
General and administrative		40,832		36,279		30,669	
Depreciation of fixed assets		3,679		3,896		1,769	
Amortization of internal-use software and intangibles		3,859		1,366		1,743	
Other charges, net		4,628		1,756		435	
Legal settlements		844		28		352	
Total operating expense		149,397		128,503		107,944	
Operating income		22,591		15,753		12,875	
Other income (expense):							
Interest income		3,782		5,083		2,192	
Interest expense		(1,529)		_		_	
Other income (expense), net		791		(152)		697	
Income before taxes		25,635		20,684		15,764	
Income tax provision (benefit)		2,410		(65,511)		1,182	
Net income	\$	23,225	\$	86,195	\$	14,582	
Series A convertible preferred stock dividends		_		(1,204)		(1,836)	
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$	23,225	\$	84,991	\$	12,746	
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic		27,518		25,668		24,694	
Net income per share - basic:	\$	0.84	\$	3.31	\$	0.52	
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted		28,257		26,842		25,929	
Net income per share - diluted:	\$	0.82	\$	3.17	\$	0.49	
Net income per share - unuted.	Ψ	0.02	φ	5.17	φ	0.45	

## AGILYSYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Year Endec March 31,						
(In thousands)		2025		2024		2023
Net income	\$	23,225	\$	86,195	\$	14,582
Other comprehensive loss:						
Unrealized foreign currency translation adjustments		(9,112)		(140)		(3,974)
Total comprehensive income	\$	14,113	\$	86,055	\$	10,608

## AGILYSYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended March 31,								
(In thousands)	2025	2024	2023						
Operating activities									
Net income	\$ 23,225	\$ 86,195	\$ 14,582						
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	. ,								
Loss (gain) on asset disposals	25	(1,145)	66						
Depreciation of fixed assets	3,679	3,896	1,769						
Amortization of internal-use software and intangibles	3,859	1,366	1,743						
Amortization of developed technology acquired	461	159	159						
Deferred income taxes	434	(66,353)	(181						
Share-based compensation	17,777	14,111	12,958						
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:									
Accounts receivable	(565)	(6,996)	2,537						
Contract assets	(2,227)	(36)	(590						
Inventory	(556)	5,189	(2,897						
Prepaids and other current assets	(84)	(291)	(2,084						
Accounts payable	2,185	973	(1,582						
Contract liabilities	5,730	3,965	6,383						
Accrued liabilities	383	5,659	2,711						
Income taxes payable, net	(106)	(1,177)	290						
Other changes, net	908	2,671	(1,401						
Net cash provided by operating activities	55,128	48,186	34,463						
Investing activities		,	,						
Cash paid for business combinations, net of cash acquired	(145,756)	_	395						
Capital expenditures	(2,783)	(8,127)	(7,238						
Proceeds from sale of assets	_	552							
Additional investments in corporate-owned life insurance policies	(27)	(27)	(27						
Net cash used in investing activities	(148,566)	(7,602)	(6,870						
Financing activities									
Payment of preferred stock dividends	_	(1,663)	(1,836						
Debt proceeds, net of issuance costs	49,645	_							
Debt repayments	(26,000)	_							
Proceeds from Employee Stock Purchase Plan purchases	1,026	_	_						
Repurchase of common shares to satisfy employee tax withholding	(2,743)	(6,893)	(9,254						
Principal payments under long-term obligations		(2)	(4						
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	21,928	(8,558)	(11,094						
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(340)	23	(628						
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(71,850)	32,049	15,871						
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	144,891	112,842	96,971						
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 73,041	\$ 144,891	\$ 112,842						

## AGILYSYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

		Commor	n Shares		Capital in		Accumulated			
	Issue	ed	In Trea	asury	excess of		other			
		Stated		Stated	Stated	Retained	comprehensive			
(In thousands, except share data)	Shares	value	Shares	value	value	earnings	income (loss)	Total		
Balance at March 31, 2022	31,607	\$9,482	(6,879)	\$(2,063)	\$49,963	\$40,018	\$(56)	\$97,344		
Share-based compensation		_	_	_	12,778	_	_	12,778		
Shares issued upon exercise of SSARs	_	_	403	121	(121)	_	-	_		
Shares withheld for taxes upon exercise										
of SSARs or vesting of restricted shares	_	_	(135)	(41)	(9,543)	-	-	(9,584)		
Other common stock issuances, net	_	_	331	99	(99)	_	-	_		
Net income	_	_	_	_	_	14,582	-	14,582		
Series A convertible preferred stock dividends						(1,836)		(1,836)		
Unrealized translation adjustments	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3,974)	(3,974)		
Balance at March 31, 2023	31,607	\$9,482	(6,280)	\$(1,884)	\$52,978	\$52,764	\$(4,030)	\$109,310		
Share-based compensation	_	_	_	_	13,851	_	_	13,851		
Shares issued upon exercise of SSARs	_	_	211	63	(63)	_	_	_		
Shares withheld for taxes upon exercise					. ,					
of SSARs or vesting of restricted shares	_	_	(81)	(25)	(6,510)	_	-	(6,535)		
Other common stock issuances, net	_	_	185	55	(55)	_	_	_		
Net income	_	_	_	_	_	86,195	-	86,195		
Conversion of Series A preferred stock	1,735	521	_	_	34,479	_	_	35,000		
Series A convertible preferred stock										
dividends	_	—	_	_	_	(1,204)	_	(1,204)		
Unrealized translation adjustments	_	_	—	_	_	_	(140)	(140)		
Balance at March 31, 2024	33,342	\$10,003	(5,965)	\$(1,791)	\$94,680	\$137,755	\$(4,170)	\$236,477		
Share-based compensation	_	_	_	_	17,853	_	_	17,853		
Shares issued upon exercise of SSARs	_	_	630	190	(190)	_	_	_		
Shares withheld for taxes upon exercise of SSARs or vesting of other										
grants	_	_	(34)	(11)	(3,572)	_	_	(3,583)		
Other common stock issuances, net	_	_	42	12	1,014	_	_	1,026		
Net income	_	_	_	_	_	23,225	_	23,225		
Unrealized translation adjustments	_	_	_	_	_	_	(9,112)	(9,112)		
Balance at March 31, 2025	33,342	\$10,003	(5,327)	\$(1,600)	\$109,785	\$160,980	\$(13,282)	\$265,886		

Agilysys, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Table amounts in thousands, except per share data)

## 1. Nature of Operations

Agilysys has been a leader in hospitality software for more than 45 years, delivering innovative cloud-native SaaS and onpremise solutions for hotels, resorts, cruise lines, casinos, corporate foodservice management, restaurants, universities, stadiums, and healthcare facilities. The Company's software solutions include point-of-sale (POS), property management (PMS), inventory and procurement, payments, and related applications that manage and enhance the entire guest journey. Agilysys is also known for its world-class customer-centric service. Many of the top hospitality companies around the world use Agilysys solutions to improve guest loyalty, drive revenue growth, and increase operational efficiencies. Agilysys operates across North America, Europe, the Middle East, Asia-Pacific, and India, with headquarters in Alpharetta, GA.

The Company has one reportable segment serving the global hospitality industry.

Reference herein to any particular year or quarter refers to periods within the fiscal year ended March 31. For example, fiscal 2025 refers to the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025.

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

*Principles of consolidation.* The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Agilysys, Inc. and subsidiaries. Investments in affiliated companies are accounted for by the equity or cost method, as appropriate. All inter-company accounts have been eliminated.

*Use of estimates.* Preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

*Cash and cash equivalents.* 100% of our cash and cash equivalents, of which 87% were held in the United States, were deposited in bank accounts or invested in highly liquid investments. Certain bank account balances may exceed federally insured limits. We consider all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity from date of acquisition of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Other highly liquid investments considered cash equivalents with no established maturity date are fully redeemable on demand (without penalty) with settlement of principal and accrued interest on the same or following business day after instruction to redeem. Cash equivalent investments are readily convertible to cash with no penalty and can include certificates of deposit, commercial paper, treasury bills, money market funds and other investments. Commercial paper cash equivalents totaled \$10.0 million as of March 31, 2024. We determine the fair value of commercial paper using significant other observable inputs (level 2) based on pricing from independent sources that use quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or other observable inputs including benchmark yields and interest rates.

Allowance for expected credit losses. We maintain allowances for expected credit losses for estimated losses resulting from the inability or unwillingness of our customers to make required payments. We base our expected credit loss model on historical experience, adjusted for current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts. To help mitigate the associated credit risk, we perform periodic credit evaluations of our customers.

*Customer credit allowance.* We maintain allowances for estimated customer credits. Credits are typically due to the timing or amount of customer invoices processed for specific services, including professional and subscription, and maintenance coverage. In certain cases, there has not been clear or timely communication of the need to adjust coverage or service at a location in advance of when we invoice for the associated coverage or service. We will issue a credit after agreeing to the service or coverage adjustment as requested by the customer within the terms of our contract.

*Inventories.* Our inventories are comprised of finished goods. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, net of related reserves. The cost of inventory is computed using a weighted-average method. Our inventory is monitored to ensure appropriate valuation. Adjustments of inventories to the lower of cost or net realizable value, if necessary, are based upon contractual provisions such as turnover and assumptions about future demand and market conditions. If assumptions about future demand change and/or actual market conditions are less favorable than those

projected by management, additional adjustments to inventory valuations may be required. We provide a reserve for obsolescence, which is calculated based on several factors, including an analysis of historical sales of products and the age of the inventory. Actual amounts could be different from those estimated.

*Leases.* We determine if an arrangement is or contains a lease at inception. Operating leases are presented as Right-of-Use ("ROU") assets and the corresponding lease liabilities are included in operating lease liabilities – current and operating lease liabilities – non-current on our Consolidated Balance Sheet. ROU assets represent our right to use the underlying asset, and lease liabilities represent our obligation for lease payments in exchange for the ability to use the asset for the duration of the lease term.

ROU assets and lease liabilities are recognized at commencement date and determined using the present value of the remaining lease payments over the lease term. We use an incremental borrowing rate based on estimated rate of interest for collateralized borrowing since our leases do not include an implicit interest rate. The estimated incremental borrowing rate considers market data, actual lease economic environment, and actual lease term at commencement date. The lease term may include options to extend when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option. ROU assets include lease payments made in advance, and exclude any incentives received or initial direct costs incurred. We recognize lease expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term and sublease income on a straight-line basis over the sublease term.

We have lease agreements with lease and non-lease components which we account for as a single lease component. We also have leases which include variable lease payments, which are expensed as incurred. Our variable lease payments are not based on an index or rate and therefore are excluded from the calculation of lease liabilities. We have elected to not recognize short term leases that have a term of twelve months or less as ROU assets or lease liabilities. Our short-term leases are not material and do not have a material impact on our ROU assets or lease liabilities. Additionally, we do not have any covenants, residual value guarantees, or related party transactions associated with our lease agreements.

*Goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets.* Goodwill represents the excess purchase price paid over the fair value of the net assets of acquired companies. As of March 31, 2025 and 2024, the carrying amount of goodwill was \$130.6 million and \$32.8 million, respectively. Goodwill is tested for impairment on an annual basis, or in interim periods if indicators of potential impairment exist, based on our one reporting unit. The Company evaluates whether goodwill is impaired by comparing its market capitalization based on its closing stock price (Level 1 input) to the book value of its equity on the annual evaluation date. The Company is also required to compare the fair values of other indefinite-lived intangible assets to their carrying amounts at least annually, or when current events and circumstances require an interim assessment. The Company concluded that no impairment of its goodwill and other indefinite-lived assets has occurred for the years ended March 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023.

Acquired intangible assets. Acquired intangible assets include identifiable customer relationships, non-competition agreements, developed technology, and trade names. We amortize the cost of finite-lived identifiable intangible assets over their estimated useful lives, which are periods of 15 years or less, primarily on a straight-line basis, which we believe approximates the pattern in which the assets are utilized. The fair values assigned to identifiable intangible assets acquired in business combinations are determined primarily by using the income approach, which discounts expected future cash flows attributable to these assets to present value using estimates and assumptions determined by management.

*Long-lived assets.* Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized. Minor replacements, maintenance, repairs, and reengineering costs are expensed as incurred. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is recognized.

Depreciation and amortization are provided in amounts sufficient to amortize the cost of the assets, including assets recorded under finance leases, which make up less than one percent of total assets, over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives for depreciation and amortization are as follows: buildings and building improvements – 7 to 30 years; furniture – 7 to 10 years; equipment – 3 to 10 years; software – 3 to 10 years; and leasehold improvements over the shorter of the economic life or the lease term. Internal use software costs are expensed or capitalized depending on the project stage. Amounts capitalized are amortized over the estimated useful lives of the software, ranging from 3 to 10 years, beginning with the project's completion. Depreciation for capitalized project expenditures does not begin until the underlying project is completed.

We evaluate the recoverability of our long-lived assets whenever changes in circumstances or events may indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized in the event the carrying value of the assets

exceeds the future undiscounted cash flows attributable to such assets. Our long-lived assets and impairments considerations are discussed further in Note 4, *Property and Equipment, Net.* 

*Foreign currency translation.* The financial statements of our foreign operations are translated into U.S. dollars for financial reporting purposes. The assets and liabilities of foreign operations whose functional currencies are not in U.S. dollars are translated at the period-end exchange rates, while revenue and expenses are translated at weighted-average exchange rates during the fiscal year. The cumulative translation effects are reflected as a component of "Accumulated other comprehensive loss" within shareholders' equity in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Gains and losses on monetary transactions denominated in other than the functional currency of an operation are reflected within "Other (income) expenses, net" in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Foreign currency gains and losses from changes in exchange rates have not been material to our consolidated operating results.

*Revenue recognition.* We derive revenue from the sale of products (proprietary software licenses, third party hardware and operating systems), subscription and maintenance, and professional services. For the fiscal years 2025, 2024 and 2023, revenue from international operations was 10%, 6% and 7%, respectively of total revenue. Our customer base is highly fragmented.

Our customary business practice is to enter into legally enforceable written contracts with our customers. The majority of our contracts are governed by a master service agreement between us and the customer, which sets forth the general terms and conditions of any individual contract between the parties, which is then supplemented by a customer order to specify the different goods and services, the associated prices, and any additional terms for an individual contract. Performance obligations specific to each individual contract are defined within the terms of each order. Each performance obligation is identified based on the goods and services that will be transferred to our customer that are both capable of being distinct and are distinct within the context of the contract. The transaction price is determined based on the consideration to which we will be entitled and expect to receive in exchange for transferring goods or services to the customer. Typically, our contracts do not provide our customer with any right of return or refund; we do not constrain the contract price as it is probable that there will not be a significant revenue reversal due to a return or refund.

Typically, our customer contracts contain one or more of the following goods or services which constitute performance obligations.

Our proprietary software licenses typically provide for a perpetual right to use our software. Generally, our contracts do not provide significant services of integration and customization, and installation services are not required to be purchased directly from us. The software is delivered before related services are provided and is functional without professional services, updates and technical support. We have concluded that the software license is distinct as the customer can benefit from the software on its own. Software revenue is typically recognized when the software is delivered or made available for download to the customer.

We recognize revenue for hardware sales when the product is shipped to the customer and when obligations that affect the customer's final acceptance of the arrangement have been fulfilled. Hardware is purchased from suppliers and provided to the end-user customers via drop-ship or from inventory. We are responsible for negotiating price both with the supplier and the customer, payment to the supplier, establishing payment terms and product returns with the customer, and we bear the credit risk if the customer does not pay for the goods. As the principal contact with the customer, we recognize revenue and cost of goods sold when we ship or are notified by the supplier that the product has been shipped. In certain limited instances, as shipping terms dictate, revenue is recognized upon receipt at the point of destination or upon installation at the customer site.

Our subscription service revenue is comprised of fees for contracts that provide customers a right to access our software for a subscribed period. We do not provide the customer the contractual right to license the software at any time outside of the subscription period under these contracts. Our subscription service revenue is primarily based on rates per location, including rates per points of sale and per room. We recognize certain subscription service revenue on a per-transaction basis. The customer can only benefit from the software and software maintenance when provided the right to access the software. Accordingly, each of the rights to access the software, the maintenance services, any hosting services, and any transaction-based services are not considered a distinct performance obligation in the context of the contract and should be combined into a single performance obligation to be recognized over the contract period. The Company recognizes subscription revenue over a one-month period based on the typical monthly invoicing and renewal cycle in accordance with our customer agreement terms.

We derive maintenance service revenue from providing unspecified updates, upgrades, bug fixes, and technical support services for our proprietary software. These services represent a stand-ready obligation that is concurrently delivered and has the same pattern of transfer to the customer; we account for these maintenance services as a single performance obligation. Maintenance revenue includes the same services provided by third-parties for remarketed software. We recognize substantially all maintenance revenue over the contract period of the maintenance agreement. We also recognize certain maintenance service revenue based on the volume of payment transactions processed by third parties through access to our software.

Professional services revenues primarily consist of fees for consulting, implementation, installation, integration and training and are generally recognized over time as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits of the professional services as the services are being performed. Certain professional development services are recognized upon delivery of the developed solutions to the customer. At the end of each reporting period, we recognize the most likely amount of variable consideration on any contract holdbacks we expect to bill for development services delivered. Professional services can be provided by internal or external providers, do not significantly affect the customer's ability to access or use other provided goods or services, and provide a measure of benefit beyond that of other promised goods or services in the contract. As a result, professional services are considered distinct in the context of the contract and represent a separate performance obligation. Professional services that are billed on a time and materials basis are recognized over time as the services are performed. For contracts billed on a fixed price basis, revenue is recognized over time using an input method based on labor hours expended to date relative to the total labor hours expected to be required to satisfy the related performance obligation.

We use the market approach to derive standalone selling price ("SSP") by maximizing observable data points (in the form of recently executed customer contracts) to determine the price customers are willing to pay for the goods and services transferred. If the contract contains a single performance obligation, the entire transaction price is allocated to that performance obligation. Contracts that contain multiple performance obligations require an allocation of the transaction price to each performance obligation based on a relative SSP basis.

Shipping and handling fees billed to customers are recognized as revenue and the related costs are recognized in cost of goods sold. Revenue is recorded net of any applicable taxes collected and remitted to governmental agencies.

*Comprehensive income.* Comprehensive income is the total of net income, as currently reported under GAAP, plus other comprehensive income (loss). Other comprehensive income considers the effects of additional transactions and economic events that are not required to be recorded in determining net income, but rather are reported as a separate statement of comprehensive income.

*Fair value measurements.* We measure the fair value of financial assets and liabilities on a recurring or non-recurring basis. Financial assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis are those that are adjusted to fair value each time a financial statement is prepared. Financial assets and liabilities measured on a non-recurring basis are those that are adjusted to fair value when a significant event occurs. In determining fair value of financial assets and liabilities, we use various valuation techniques.

*Investments in corporate-owned life insurance policies.* Agilysys invests in corporate-owned life insurance policies, for which some are endorsement split-dollar life insurance arrangements. We entered into agreements with certain former executives, whereby we must maintain the life insurance policy for a specified amount and split a portion of the policy benefits with their respective designated beneficiary. Our investment in these corporate-owned life insurance policies were recorded at their cash surrender value, which approximates fair value at the balance sheet date. In the Consolidated Balance Sheets at the balance sheet date, the cash surrender value of \$1.1 million for the remaining policies were held in "Other non-current assets," and the present value of future proceeds owed to those executives' designated beneficiary of \$0.1 million, which approximates fair value, were recorded within "Other non-current liabilities." Additional information regarding the investments in corporate-owned life insurance policies is provided in Note 10, *Employee Benefit Plans*.

*Income Taxes.* Income tax expense includes U.S. and foreign income taxes and is based on reported income before income taxes. We recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities. The deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the enacted tax rates expected to apply in the periods in which the deferred tax assets or liabilities are anticipated to be settled or realized.

We regularly review our deferred tax assets for recoverability and establish a valuation allowance if it is more likely than not that some portion, or all, of a deferred tax asset will not be realized. The determination as to whether a deferred tax asset will be realized is made on a jurisdictional basis and is based on the evaluation of positive and negative evidence. This evidence includes historical taxable income, projected future taxable income, the expected timing of the reversal of existing temporary differences and the implementation of tax planning strategies.

We recognize the tax benefit from uncertain tax positions only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized from uncertain tax positions are measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than fifty percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. No tax benefits are recognized for positions that do not meet this threshold. Interest related to uncertain tax positions is recognized as part of the provision for income taxes and is accrued beginning in the period that such interest would be applicable under relevant tax law until such time that the related tax benefits are recognized. Our income taxes are described further in Note 9, *Income Taxes*.

*Advertising and Promotion Expense.* We expense advertising and promotion expense as incurred. Advertising and promotion expense was \$7.2 million, \$6.7 million and \$4.8 million in fiscal 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

## Adopted and Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2024, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2024-03 *Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income—Expense Disaggregation Disclosures* ("ASU 2024-03") to expand expense disclosures by requiring disaggregated disclosure of certain income statement expense line items, including those that contain purchases of inventory, employee compensation, depreciation and amortization. ASU 2024-03 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026, or our fiscal 2028, and subsequent interim periods, with early adoption permitted. The amendments should be applied prospectively, but retrospective application is permitted. We are currently assessing the impact of the requirements on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-09 *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures* ("ASU 2023-09") to update income tax disclosure requirements primarily by requiring specific categories and greater disaggregation within the rate reconciliation and disaggregation of income taxes paid by jurisdiction. The amendments in the ASU also remove disclosures related to certain unrecognized tax benefits and deferred taxes. ASU 2023-09 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, or our fiscal 2026. The amendments may be applied prospectively or retrospectively with early adoption permitted. We are currently assessing the impact of the requirements on our income tax disclosures.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-07 *Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures* ("ASU 2023-07") to report incremental segment information on an annual and interim basis, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses included within each reported measure of segment profit or loss. ASU 2023-07 applies to entities with a single reportable segment. Annual disclosures are required for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, or our fiscal 2025, and subsequent interim periods. We adopted ASU 2023-07 as of April 1, 2024, with retrospective application for all prior periods presented as required by the standard. Since the standard only impacts disclosure requirements, the adoption of the standard did not impact our consolidated financial statements. See Note 14, *Segment Information*.

## **3. Revenue Recognition**

For in depth discussion regarding our revenue recognition procedures for our revenue streams, see Note 2, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*.

## **Disaggregation of Revenue**

We derive and report our revenue from the sale of products (proprietary software licenses, third party hardware and operating systems), subscription and maintenance, and professional services. Revenue recognized at a point in time

(products) totaled \$41.3 million, \$49.1 million, and \$43.6 million during fiscal 2025, 2024 and 2023. Subscription, maintenance, and substantially all professional services revenue recognized over time totaled \$234.3 million, \$188.4 million, and \$154.4 million during fiscal 2025, 2024, and 2023.

## **Contract Balances**

Contract assets are rights to consideration in exchange for goods or services that we have transferred to a customer when that right is conditional on something other than the passage of time. The majority of our contract assets represent unbilled amounts related to products and professional services. We expect billing and collection of our contract assets to occur within the next twelve months. Payment terms and conditions vary by contract and customer, although terms generally include a requirement to pay within 30 days after invoicing. We receive payments from customers based upon contractual billing schedules, and accounts receivable are recorded when the right to consideration becomes unconditional. Contract liabilities represent consideration received or consideration which is unconditionally due from customers prior to transferring goods or services to the customer under the terms of the contract.

Revenue recognized from amounts included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the period was \$55.1 million and \$50.9 million during fiscal 2025 and 2024, respectively. During fiscal 2025 and 2024, we transferred from contract assets at the beginning of the period, \$2.3 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, to accounts receivable because the right to the transaction became unconditional.

Our arrangements are typically for a period of one year or less. As a result, unsatisfied performance obligations as of March 31, 2025 are expected to be satisfied and the allocated transaction price recognized in revenue within a period of 12 months or less.

## Assets Recognized from Costs to Obtain a Contract

Sales commission expenses that would not have occurred absent the customer contracts are considered incremental costs to obtain a contract. We have elected to take the practical expedient available to expense the incremental costs to obtain a contract as incurred when the expected benefit and amortization period is one year or less. For subscription contracts that are renewed monthly based on an agreement term, we capitalize commission expenses and amortize as we satisfy the underlying performance obligations, generally based on the contract terms and anticipated renewals. For first year support and maintenance service contracts, commission expenses are immaterial and therefore are expensed as incurred. Other sales commission expenses are not material or have a period of benefit of one year or less, and are therefore expensed as incurred in line with the practical expedient elected.

We had \$5.8 million and \$4.8 million of capitalized sales incentive costs as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. These balances are included in other non-current assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. During fiscal 2025 and 2024, we expensed \$4.0 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, of sales commissions, which included amortization of capitalized amounts of \$1.8 million and \$1.6 million, respectively. These expenses are included in operating expenses – sales and marketing in our Consolidated Statement of Operations. All other costs to obtain a contract are not considered incremental and therefore are expensed as incurred.

## 4. Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment at March 31, 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,								
(In thousands)		2025	2024						
Furniture and equipment	\$	17,190 \$	16,116						
Software		16,474	16,028						
Leasehold improvements		9,023	9,041						
Facilities construction in progress		286	122						
		42,973	41,307						
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(26,255)	(23,377)						
Property and equipment, net	\$	<b>16,718</b> \$	17,930						

Total depreciation expense on property and equipment was \$3.7 million, \$3.9 million, and \$1.8 million during fiscal 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The Company capitalizes internal-use software, including software purchased and used exclusively in providing services or that is only made available to customers as a software service, as property and equipment under ASC 350-40, *Internal-Use Software*. Total amortization expense on capitalized internal-use software was \$0.3 million, \$0.3 million, and \$0.6 million during fiscal 2025, 2024, and 2023, respectively.

Assets under financing leases are included in property and equipment categories above and further disclosed with Note 6. *Leases.* 

## 5. Intangible Assets, Goodwill, and Software Development Costs

The following table summarizes our intangible assets and software development costs at March 31, 2025, and 2024:

	March 31, 2025						March 31, 2024								
(In thousands)		Gross carrying amount		umulated ortization		cumulated pairment	Net carrying amount	c	Gross arrying mount		umulated ortization		cumulated pairment		Net arrying mount
Finite-lived intangible assets:															
Customer relationships	\$	53,762	\$	(13,745)	\$	_	\$ 40,018	\$	19,821	\$	(12,133)	\$	_	\$	7,688
Non-competition agreements		8,669		(4,522)		_	4,147		3,497		(3,497)		_		_
Developed technology		13,597		(11,178)		_	2,419		11,175		(10,748)		_		427
Trade names		17,201		(1,383)		_	15,818		1,025		(588)		_		437
Patented technology		80		(80)		_	_		80		(80)		_		_
		93,309		(30,908)		_	62,402		35,598		(27,046)		_		8,552
Indefinite-lived trade names		8,400		N/A		_	8,400		8,400		N/A		_		8,400
Total intangible assets	\$	101,709	\$	(30,908)	\$	_	\$ 70,802	\$	43,998	\$	(27,046)	\$	_	\$	16,952
(In thousands)															
Software development costs	\$	67,541	\$	(45,535)	\$	(22,006)	\$ -	\$	67,541	\$	(45,535)	\$	(22,006)	\$	—

During the year ended March 31, 2025, goodwill increased \$104.0 million due to business combination activity and decreased \$6.2 million due to foreign currency translation. During the year ended March 31, 2024, goodwill increased \$0.2 million due to foreign currency translation.

During the year ended March 31, 2025, finite-lived intangible assets increased \$61.0 million due to business combination activity and decreased \$4.0 million and \$3.1 million due to amortization expense and foreign currency translation, respectively. During the year ended March 31, 2024, finite-lived intangible assets decreased \$1.2 million due to amortization expense. We recognize amortization expense of developed technology in cost of goods sold.

See Note 16, *Business Combinations*, for more information on business combination activity.

Estimated future amortization expense on finite-lived intangible assets is as follows:

(In thousands)	Estimated Amortization Ex					
Fiscal year ending March 31,						
2026	\$	5,909				
2027		5,835				
2028		4,542				
2029		3,874				
Thereafter		42,242				
Total	\$	62,402				

Indefinite-lived intangible assets, comprised of our purchased trade name InfoGenesis as of March 31, 2025 and 2024 are tested for impairment upon identification of impairment indicators or at least annually. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount is greater than fair value. The InfoGenesis indefinite-lived purchased trade name impairment testing resulted in a fair value exceeding the carrying amount for the years ending March 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023.

#### 6. Leases

The majority of our leases are comprised of real estate leases for our respective offices around the globe. Our finance leases in fiscal year 2024 consisted of office equipment. We have no residual value guarantees or restrictions or covenants imposed by or associated with our active leases.

As of March 31, 2025, we have an additional operating lease that has not yet commenced of approximately \$0.9 million. This operating lease will commence in fiscal year 2027 with a lease term of approximately 2 years. We do not have any related party leases. We have variable payments for expenses such as common area maintenance and taxes. We do not have variable payments that are based on an index or rate. As a result, we do not include variable payments in the calculation of the lease liability. Any variable costs are expensed as incurred.

We subleased one of our office leases located in Bellevue, Washington with a lease term that expired during fiscal year 2024.

The components of lease expenses, which are included in operating expenses in our Consolidated Statements of Operations, were as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,						
(In thousands)		2025	2024				
Operating leases expense	\$	<b>5,084</b> \$	5,842				
Finance lease expense:							
Amortization of ROU assets		_	2				
Total finance lease expense		_	2				
Variable lease costs		413	470				
Short term lease expense		563	258				
Sublease income		_	(654)				
Total lease expense	\$	6,060 \$	5,918				

Other information related to leases for fiscal 2025 and 2024 was as follows:

Supplemental cash flow information		Year Ende			
		2025	:	2024	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities (in thousands):					
Operating cash flows for operating leases	\$	5,467	\$	5,197	
Operating cash flows for finance leases		_		5	
Financing cash flows for finance leases		_		2	
ROU assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations (in thousands):					
Operating leases	\$	2,351	\$	9,832	
Weighted average remaining lease terms					
Operating leases		5.78		6.69	
Weighted average discount rates					
Operating leases		6.91%		7.05%	

The table below reconciles the undiscounted future minimum lease payments (displayed by year and in the aggregate) under non-cancelable leases with terms of more than one year to the total lease liabilities recognized on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2025:

(In thousands)	Oper	ating leases
Fiscal year ending March 31,		
2026	\$	5,883
2027		5,358
2028		4,998
2029		4,057
2030		1,730
Thereafter		5,844
Total undiscounted future minimum lease payments		27,870
Less: difference between undiscounted lease payments and discounted lease liabilities		(4,908)
Total lease liabilities	\$	22,962

# 7. Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

Additional information related to the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows is as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,							
(In thousands)		2025		2024		2023		
Cash receipts for interest	\$	3,685	\$	4,652	\$	1,917		
Cash payments for interest		1,379		_		_		
Cash payments for income tax, net		1,928		1,733		1,163		
Cash payments for operating leases		5,467		5,197		5,862		
Cash payments for finance leases		_		5		6		
Accrued capital expenditures		185		419		1,400		

## 8. Additional Balance Sheet Information

Additional information related to the Consolidated Balance Sheets is as follows:

(In thousands)	Mar	March 31, 2025		ch 31, 2024
Prepaid expenses and other current assets:				
Prepaid expenses	\$	8,059	\$	7,330
Other		1,201		401
Total	\$	9,260	\$	7,731
Accrued liabilities:				
Salaries, wages, employee benefits, and payroll taxes	\$	17,007	\$	16,264
Income and indirect taxes payable		1,512		1,684
Other		3,805		1,574
Total	\$	22,324	\$	19,522

## 9. Income Taxes

For the year ended March 31, income before income taxes consisted of the following:

(In thousands)	2025	2024	2023
Income before income taxes			
United States	\$ 10,837	\$ 12,492	\$ 14,526
Foreign	14,798	8,192	1,238
Total income before income taxes	\$ 25,635	\$ 20,684	\$ 15,764

For the year ended March 31, income tax expense (benefit) consisted of the following:

(In thousands)	2025	2024	2023
Income tax (benefit) provision			
Current:			
Federal	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 87
State and local	601	370	277
Foreign	2,493	1,884	1,070
Deferred:			
Federal	2,488	(57,065)	12
State and local	(227)	(8,131)	77
Foreign	(2,945)	(2,569)	(341)
Income tax (benefit) provision	\$ 2,410	\$ (65,511)	\$ 1,182

The following table presents the principal components of the difference between the effective tax rate and the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate for the years ended March 31:

(In thousands)	2025		2024	2023
Income tax expense (benefit) at the U.S. Federal statutory				
rate	\$ 5,383	\$	4,344	\$ 3,340
Expense (benefit) for state taxes	768	1	293	377
Impact of foreign operations	(673	5)	(250)	(78)
R&D credits	(2,091	)	(3,540)	_
Global intangible low-taxed income	2,907	,	1,471	101
Indefinite life assets	_		_	20
Intercompany gain	_		_	177
Rate change	(1,157	')	(1,817)	_
Change in valuation allowance	(1,610	)	(65,023)	(2,276)
Change in liability for unrecognized tax benefits	_		(1,044)	24
Share-based compensation	(60	)	(1,823)	(241)
Deferred adjustments	(357	') '	1,927	(281)
Provision to return	(884	)	(219)	(31)
Other	184		170	50
Income tax (benefit) provision	\$ 2,410	\$	(65,511)	\$ 1,182

We have elected to account for global intangible low-taxed income (GILTI) inclusions in the period in which they are incurred.

The fiscal 2025 tax provision results primarily from the benefits of U.S. R&D credits, GILTI, the rate change of Special Economic Zone deferred taxes and the release of the valuation allowances against foreign deferred tax assets. The fiscal 2025 tax provision differs from the statutory rate primarily due to the release of foreign valuation allowances and the benefit of U.S. R&D credits.

The fiscal 2024 tax provision results primarily from the release of the valuation allowances against U.S. Federal and State deferred tax assets. The fiscal 2025 tax provision differs from the statutory rate primarily due to the release of the valuation allowances.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities as of March 31, are as follows:

(In thousands)	2025	2024
Deferred tax assets:		
Accrued liabilities	8,663	\$ 10,135
Allowance for expected credit losses and doubtful accounts	121	154
Federal losses and credit carryforwards	20,429	28,588
Foreign losses and credit carryforwards	3,325	3,324
State losses and credit carryforwards	6,261	7,248
Deferred revenue	368	270
Capitalized research expenses	32,410	22,280
Property and equipment and software amortization	_	_
Operating lease liabilities	5,372	5,715
Goodwill and other intangible assets	(574)	(694)
Other	426	438
	76,801	77,458
Less: valuation allowance	(1,340)	(2,938)
Total	75,461	74,520
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Operating lease right-of-use assets	(3,961)	(4,230)
Goodwill and other intangible assets	(13,958)	(3,274)
Property and equipment and software amortization	(2,007)	(198)
Total	(19,926)	(7,702)
Total deferred tax assets, net		\$ 66,818

At March 31, 2025, we had \$29.7 million of federal net operating loss carryforwards that expire, if unused, in fiscal years 2036 to 2039, and \$42.5 million of federal net operating loss carryforwards that can be carried forward indefinitely. Our Hong Kong, Singapore, Malaysia and the U.A.E. subsidiaries have \$0.6 million, \$0.6 million, \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million of net operating loss carryforwards, respectively. The losses for Hong Kong, Singapore and the U.A.E. can be carried forward indefinitely. Canada losses can be carried back three years and carried forward 20 years. Our India subsidiary operates in a "Special Economic Zone" ("SEZ"). One of the benefits associated with the SEZ is that the India subsidiary is not subject to regular India income taxes during its first 5 years of operations which included fiscal 2018 through fiscal 2022. The India subsidiary is then subject to 50% of regular India income taxes during the second five years of operations which includes fiscal 2023 through fiscal 2027. The aggregate value of the benefit of the SEZ during the current fiscal year is \$4.0 million as of March 31, 2025. The Company has paid minimum alternative taxes during the period of regular tax relief resulting in a credit of \$1.7 million as of March 31, 2025.

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) is a stimulus bill which was in response to economic consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic. The CARES Act provided an employee retention credit, which is a refundable tax credit against certain employment taxes. During the twelve months ended March 31, 2025, we recorded \$0.5 million of employee retention credits received in cash as other charges, net, in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

At March 31, 2025 we also had \$111.5 million of state net operating loss carryforwards that expire, if unused, in fiscal years 2026 through 2043.

We have recorded valuation allowances offsetting certain deferred income tax assets due to the uncertainty of the ultimate realization of the future benefits from those assets. At March 31, 2025, the total valuation allowance against deferred tax assets of \$1.3 million was comprised of \$1.2 million for U.S. state deferred tax assets, and \$0.1 million associated with deferred tax assets in the U.A.E. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets depends on various factors including the generation of taxable income during the future periods in which the underlying temporary differences are deductible. We consider the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities (including the impact of available carryback and carryforward periods), projected earnings, and tax planning strategies in our assessment of positive and negative evidence supporting the likelihood of deferred tax asset realization. We maintain valuation allowances for deferred tax assets until we have sufficient evidence to support the reversal of all or some portion of the allowances.

The undistributed earnings of our foreign subsidiaries are not subject to U.S. federal and state income taxes unless such earnings are distributed in the form of dividends or otherwise to the extent of current and accumulated earnings and profits. The undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries are permanently reinvested and totaled \$32.8 million and \$30.1 million as

of March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. We made the determination of permanent reinvestment on the basis of sufficient evidence that demonstrates we will invest the undistributed earnings overseas indefinitely for use in working capital, as well as foreign expansion. The determination of the amount of the unrecognized deferred U.S. income tax liability related to the undistributed earnings is not practicable.

Uncertain tax positions as of March 31, are as follows:

(In thousands)	2	2025	2024	2023
Beginning gross unrecognized tax benefits	\$	562	\$ 575	\$ 575
Decreases related to prior year tax positions		_	(575)	_
Increases related to current year tax positions		235	562	_
Increases related to prior year tax positions		134	_	_
Increases due to business acquisitions		132	_	—
Ending gross unrecognized tax benefits	\$	1,063	\$ 562	\$ 575

We recognize interest accrued on any uncertain tax positions as a component of income tax expense. Penalties are recognized as a component of general and administrative expenses. For the year ended March 31, 2025, we accrued interest and penalty of \$0.3 million and a corresponding indemnification asset. For the year ended March 31, 2024, we reduced accrued interest and penalty by \$0.6 million. We recognized interest and penalty expense of less than \$0.1 million for the year ended March 31, 2023.

We are consistently subject to tax audits. Due to the nature of examinations in multiple jurisdictions, changes could occur in the amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits during the next 12 months that we cannot anticipate.

In the U.S. we file federal and state income tax returns where statutes of limitations generally range from three to five years. Although we have resolved examinations with the IRS through tax year ended March 31, 2010, U.S. federal tax years are open from 2011 forward due to attribute carryforwards. The statute of limitations is open from fiscal year 2020 forward in certain state jurisdictions. We also file income tax returns in international jurisdictions where statutes of limitations generally range from three to seven years. Years beginning after 2018 are open for examination by certain foreign taxing authorities.

## 10. Employee Benefit Plans

## Defined Contribution Plans

We maintain 401(k) plans for employees located in the United States meeting certain service requirements. Generally, the plans allow eligible employees to contribute a portion of their compensation, and we match 100% of the first 1% of the employee's pre-tax contributions and 50% of the next 5% of the employee's pre-tax contributions. We may also make discretionary contributions each year for the benefit of all eligible employees under the plans. Agilysys matching contributions were \$2.1 million, \$1.9 million, and \$1.7 million in fiscal 2025, 2024, and 2023, respectively.

We also maintain defined contribution retirement plans for employees located in Canada, the United Kingdom and in the Asia Pacific region in accordance with local statutory requirements and business practices.

## Defined Benefit Plan

We maintain certain defined benefit plans covering eligible employees of our India subsidiary in accordance with local statutory requirements and business practices. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation, or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Company. The Leave Encashment Plan provides a lump-sum payment to employees when they leave the Company based on a multiple of their final monthly salary. Both the Gratuity and Leave Encashment Plans are unfunded with obligation amounts determined by actuarial valuations. These obligation amounts are recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as "Employee benefit obligations" within "Other non-current liabilities". All expenses associated with these plans are recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations within "Operating expenses".

Employer benefit obligations and related changes for the years ended March 31 are as follows:

(In thousands)	2025	2024	2023
Employee benefit obligations as of April 1	\$ 4,315 \$	2,742 \$	2,470
Employee benefits paid	(374)	(175)	(255)
Employer expenses	1,118	1,748	527
Employee benefit obligations	\$ 5,059 \$	4,315 \$	2,742

#### Endorsement Split-Dollar Life Insurance

Agilysys provides certain former executives with life insurance benefits through endorsement split-dollar life insurance arrangements. We entered into agreements with each of the former executives, whereby we must maintain the life insurance policy for a specified amount and split a portion of the policy benefits with their designated beneficiary.

Our investment in these corporate-owned life insurance policies were recorded at their cash surrender value, which approximates fair value at the balance sheet date. In the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, the cash surrender value of \$1.1 million for the remaining policies were held in "Other non-current assets," and the present value of future proceeds owed to those executives' designated beneficiaries of \$0.1 million, which approximates fair value, were recorded within "Other non-current liabilities."

Changes in the cash surrender value of these policies related to gains and losses incurred on these investments are classified within "Other (expense) income, net" in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations and are immaterial.

## **11.** Commitments and Contingencies

#### Legal Contingencies

We are involved in legal actions that arise in the ordinary course of business. It is the opinion of management that the resolution of any current pending litigation will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

## 12. Earnings per Share

The following data shows the amounts used in computing earnings per share and the effect on earnings and the weighted average number of shares of dilutive potential common shares.

	Year Ended March 31,					
(In thousands, except per share data)	2025		2024			2023
Numerator:						
Net income	\$	23,225	\$	86,195	\$	14,582
Series A convertible preferred stock dividends		—		(1,204)		(1,836)
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$	23,225	\$	84,991	\$	12,746
Denominator:						
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic		27,518		25,668		24,694
Dilutive SSARs		472		929		1,059
Dilutive unvested restricted stock units		40		10		_
Dilutive unvested restricted shares		227		234		176
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted		28,257		26,842		25,929
Income per share - basic:	\$	0.84	\$	3.31	\$	0.52
Income per share - diluted:	\$	0.82	\$	3.17	\$	0.49
Anti-dilutive SSARs, restricted shares, restricted stock units,						. –
performance shares, and preferred shares		132		175		1,741

Basic income per share is computed as net income available to common shareholders divided by the weighted average basic shares outstanding. The outstanding shares used to calculate the weighted average basic shares excludes 229,710, 436,177 and 407,324 of restricted shares at March 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively, as these shares were issued but

were not vested and, therefore, not considered outstanding for purposes of computing basic earnings per share at the balance sheet dates.

Diluted income per share includes the effect of all potentially dilutive securities on earnings per share. We have stocksettled appreciation rights (SSARs), unvested restricted shares, restricted stock units, employee stock purchase plan (ESPP) shares, and performance shares, that are potentially dilutive securities. When a loss is reported, the denominator of diluted earnings per share cannot be adjusted for the dilutive impact of share-based compensation awards because doing so would be anti-dilutive.

## 13. Share-based Compensation

We may grant incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, SSARs, restricted shares, restricted stock units, and performance shares under our shareholder-approved Amended and Restated 2024 Equity Incentive Plan (the 2024 Plan) for up to three million common shares, plus 237,080 common shares, the number of shares that were remaining for grant under the 2020 Equity Incentive Plan, as Amended and Restated (the 2020 Plan) as of the effective date of the 2024 Plan, plus the number of shares remaining for grant under the 2020 Plan that are forfeited, settled in cash, canceled or expired. The maximum aggregate number of common shares available for issuance under the 2024 Plan is 3.2 million. We may also grant shares under our shareholder-approved Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the ESPP) for up to 0.5 million common shares.

We may distribute authorized but unissued shares or treasury shares to satisfy share option and SSAR exercises or grants of restricted shares, restricted stock units, performance shares, or ESPP shares.

For SSARs, the exercise price must be set at least equal to the closing market price of our common shares on the date of grant. The maximum term of SSARs is seven years from the date of grant. The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors establishes the period over which SSARs are subject to a service condition vest and the vesting criteria for SSARs subject to a market condition.

Restricted shares and restricted stock units, whether time-vested or performance-based, may be issued at no cost or at a purchase price that may be below their fair market value, but are subject to forfeiture and restrictions on their sale or other transfer. Performance-based grants may be conditioned upon the attainment of specified performance objectives and other conditions, restrictions, and contingencies. Restricted shares have the right to receive dividends, if any, upon vesting, subject to the same forfeiture provisions that apply to the underlying grants.

We record compensation expense related to SSARs, restricted shares, restricted stock units, performance shares, and ESPP shares granted to certain employees and non-employee directors based on the fair value of the awards on the grant date. The fair value of restricted stock unit and restricted share grants subject only to a service condition is based on the closing price of our common shares on the grant date. For stock option and SSAR grants subject only to a service condition, we estimate the fair value on the grant date, exercise price and assumptions regarding the risk-free interest rate, expected volatility of our common shares based on historical volatility, and expected term as estimated using the simplified method. We use the simplified method for SSAR grants because we believe historical exercise data does not provide a reasonable basis upon which to estimate the fair value on the grant date through a lattice option pricing model that utilizes a Monte Carlo analysis with inputs including the closing market price at grants the closing market price at grant date through a lattice option pricing model that utilizes a Monte Carlo analysis with inputs including the closing market price at grant date, share price threshold, performance period term and assumptions regarding the risk-free interest rate and expected volatility of our common shares based on historical volatility. Inputs for SSAR grants subject to a market condition also include exercise price, remaining contractual term, and suboptimal exercise factor.

We record compensation expense for restricted stock units, restricted shares, and SSAR grants subject to a service condition using the graded vesting method. We record compensation expense for ESPP shares on a straight-line basis over the applicable offering period. We record compensation expense for SSAR grants subject only to a market condition over the derived service period, which is an output of the lattice option pricing model.

The following table summarizes the share-based compensation expense for grants included in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for fiscal 2025, 2024 and 2023:

	Year Ended March 31,					
(In thousands)	2025		2024		2023	
Product development	\$ 10,064	\$	7,380	\$	7,987	
Sales and marketing	1,665		831		1,044	
General and administrative	6,048		5,900		3,927	
Total share-based compensation expense	\$ 17,777	\$	14,111	\$	12,958	

#### Stock-Settled Stock Appreciation Rights

SSARs are rights granted to an employee to receive value equal to the difference between the price of our common shares on the date of exercise and the exercise price. The value is settled in common shares of Agilysys, Inc.

We use a Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model to estimate the fair value of service condition SSARs and a lattice option pricing model to estimate the fair value of market condition SSARs. There were no SSARs granted in fiscal 2025, 2024 or 2023.

The following table summarizes the activity during fiscal 2025 for SSARs awarded under the 2020 and 2016 Plans:

(In thousands, except share and per share data)	Number of Rights	Weighted- Average Exercise Price		Remaining Contractual Term	l	ggregate ntrinsic Value
		(pe	er right)	(in years)		
Outstanding at April 1, 2024	1,297,339	\$	27.63			
Granted	_		_			
Exercised	(902,380)		30.96			
Forfeited	_					
Cancelled/expired	_					
Outstanding at March 31, 2025	394,959	\$	20.04	2.2	\$	20,735
Exercisable at March 31, 2025	394,959	\$	20.04	2.2	\$	20,735
Vested at March 31, 2025	394,959	\$	20.04	2.2	\$	20,735

The following table presents additional information related to SSARs activity during fiscal 2025, 2024 and 2023:

(In thousands)	2025	2024	2023
Compensation expense	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 3,188
Total intrinsic value of SSARs exercised	\$ 65,080	\$ 16,889	\$ 28,025
Total fair value of SSARs vesting	\$ —	\$ _	\$ 13,037

As of March 31, 2025, there was no unrecognized share-based compensation expense related to SSARs.

A total of 631,033 shares, net of 33,871 shares withheld to cover the employee's minimum applicable income taxes, were issued from treasury shares to settle SSARs exercised during the twelve months ended March 31, 2025. The shares withheld were returned to treasury shares.

#### Restricted Shares

We use a lattice option pricing model to estimate the fair value of restricted shares subject to a market condition. There were no restricted shares subject to a market condition granted in fiscal 2025, 2024 or 2023.

We granted restricted shares to certain of our Directors, executives and key employees, the vesting of which is servicebased. Certain restricted shares are also subject to a market condition. The following table summarizes the activity during the twelve months ended March 31, 2025 for restricted shares awarded under the 2020 Plan:

	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Grant- Date Fair Value
		(per share)
Outstanding at April 1, 2024	436,177 5	65.52
Granted	37,349	106.81
Vested	(224,370)	60.97
Forfeited	(19,446)	73.32
Expected to vest at March 31, 2025	229,710	5 76.01

The weighted-average grant date fair value of the restricted shares includes grants subject only to a service condition and certain grants subject to both a service condition and a market condition. As of March 31, 2025, a total of 229,710 shares were issued from treasury.

The following table presents additional information related to restricted share activity during fiscal years 2025, 2024, and 2023:

(In thousands)	2025	2024	2023
Compensation expense	\$ 11,379	\$ 11,146	\$ 9,274
Total fair value of restricted share vesting	\$ 13,182	\$ 6,595	\$ 2,952

As of March 31, 2025, total unrecognized share-based compensation expense related to non-vested restricted shares was \$6.7 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average vesting period of 1.7 years. We do not include restricted shares in the calculation of basic earnings per share until the shares are vested.

## Restricted Stock Units

We granted restricted stock units to certain of our Directors, executives and key employees, the vesting of which is servicebased. Certain restricted stock units are also subject to a market condition. The following table summarizes the activity during the twelve months ended March 31, 2025 for restricted stock units awarded under the 2020 and 2024 Plans:

	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Grant- Date Fair Value
		(per share)
Outstanding at April 1, 2024	56,547	\$ 70.03
Granted	139,433	135.99
Vested	(11,550)	80.67
Forfeited	(3,235)	137.48
Expected to vest at March 31, 2025	181,195	\$ 118.90

We use a lattice option pricing model to estimate the fair value of restricted stock units subject to a market condition. There were no restricted stock units subject to a market condition granted in fiscal 2025 or 2024. The following table summarizes the principal valuation assumptions utilized and the resulting fair value of restricted stock units subject to a market condition granted in fiscal 2023:

	2023
Risk-free interest rate over contractual term	4.3%
Expected volatility	54.0%
Weighted-average grant date fair value	\$60.02 - \$65.89

The following table presents additional information related to restricted stock unit activity during fiscal 2025:

(In thousands)	2025
Compensation expense	\$ 5,591
Total fair value of restricted stock unit vesting	\$ 932

As of March 31, 2025, total unrecognized share-based compensation expense related to non-vested restricted stock units was \$15.3 million, which is expected to be recognized over the weighted-average vesting period of 2.5 years.

## Performance Shares

Upon approval of the Compensation Committee of our Board of Directors, after achieving the performance conditions associated with our annual bonus plan, we grant common shares to our Chief Executive Officer that vest immediately. Once attainment of the performance conditions becomes probable, we recognize compensation expense related to performance shares ratably over the performance period. The number of performance shares granted will be based on the closing price of our common shares on the grant date and settlement date, which are the same under the 2024 plan.

Based on the performance conditions achieved as they relate to our annual bonus plan, management estimates a liability of \$0.5 million as of March 31, 2025, to be settled through the granting and vesting of performance shares after March 31, 2025. We recognized compensation expense related to performance shares of \$0.5 million, \$0.6 million, and \$0.4 million in the fiscal years ended March 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023, respectively.

## Employee Stock Purchase Plan Shares

The ESPP permits participants to purchase common stock through regular payroll deductions, up to a specified percentage of their eligible compensation. The ESPP is compensatory because, among other provisions, it currently allows participants to purchase stock at up to a 15% discount from the lower of the closing price of a share of our common stock on the first or last trading day of the ESPP offering period. We measure share-based compensation expense for the ESPP based on the fair value of the ESPP grant at the beginning of the offering period. The fair value includes the value of the discount and the value associated with the call and put options that take advantage of the variability in the common stock price during the offering period. We estimate the value of the call and put options using the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model with inputs including the closing market price of our common stock on the first date of the offering period and assumptions regarding the risk-free interest rate, expected term, and expected volatility of our common shares over the offering period based on historical volatility. We used the following inputs including principal assumptions for the following offering period reflected in our consolidated financial statements:

	Offering Period Ending June 30, 2025		Offering Period Ended December 31, 2024		ring Period Ended e 30, 2024
Grant date fair value	\$	131.71	\$	103.43	\$ 81.60
Risk-free interest rate over contractual term		4.31%		4.91%	5.36%
Expected term (in years)		0.49		0.50	0.41
Expected volatility		42.40%		40.93%	47.41%

The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a zero coupon U.S. Treasury bond whose maturity period approximates the expected term of the ESPP shares. The expected term is the offering period, which is typically six months.

We record amounts withheld from participants during each offering period in accrued salaries, wages and related benefits in the consolidated balance sheets until such shares are purchased. Amounts withheld from participants for the offering period ending June 30, 2025 totaled \$0.3 million as of March 31, 2025.

As of March 31, 2025, total unrecognized share-based compensation expense related to ESPP shares was \$0.1 million, which is expected to be recognized on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the offering period ending June 30, 2025.

## 14. Segment Information

Operating segments represent components of an entity for which discrete financial information is available to the entity's chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). Our Chief Executive Officer is our CODM.

We operate as a single reporting segment providing software solutions to the global hospitality industry as our CODM reviews the financial information presented on a consolidated basis to allocate resources, assess financial performance, and make operating decisions. During our budgeting and forecasting process, our CODM allocates resources including employees, equipment and financial resources. Our CODM regularly considers forecast-to-actual variances to assess financial performance and to make operating decisions around product development, pricing, employee compensation, and for investments in information security and technology infrastructure, and in market development. The Company's measure of segment profit or loss is net income as shown in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Our CODM reviews segment assets, reported as total assets on our consolidated balance sheets, and capital expenditures, as reported on our consolidated statements of cash flows.

The segment accounting policies are the same as those we describe in Note 2, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*, except that certain expense allocations we make for presentation of Cost of Goods Sold as reported in our Consolidated Statements of Operations in accordance with U.S. GAAP, primarily for employee compensation, are not applied to cost of revenue as reported in the table below.

The significant expense categories and consolidated net income provided to the CODM for the years ended March 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023 are as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,				
(In thousands)	2025	2025 2024			2023
Net revenue:					
Products	\$ 41,32	24 \$	49,083	\$	43,638
Subscription and maintenance	170,0	51	138,069		118,285
Professional services	64,24	19	50,312		36,142
Total net revenue	275,62	24	237,464		198,065
Cost of revenue <sup>(1)</sup>	46,0	16	46,183		40,019
Product development expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	60,1	77	53,825		43,848
Sales and marketing expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	31,4	91	27,588		21,674
Professional services expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	34,1	30	28,611		24,302
Customer support expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	14,60	)4	13,120		10,981
General and administrative expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	35,33	36	30,862		27,092
Share-based compensation	17,7	77	14,113		12,959
Other segment items <sup>(2)</sup>	12,80	58	(63,033)		2,608
Net income	\$ 23,22	25 \$	86,195	\$	14,582

(1) Exclusive of share-based compensation shown separately

(2) Other segment items include depreciation, amortization of internal-use software and intangibles, legal settlements, interest income and expense, other non-operating income and expense, income tax provision and benefit, and other gains and charges

The following table lists long-lived assets by geographical area, which includes property and equipment, net and operating lease right-of-use assets for the years ended March 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023:

	Year Ended March 31,						
(In thousands)	2025		2024		2023		
United States	\$ 18,6	18 \$	20,583	\$	20,163		
India	14,1	50	14,917		6,161		
Rest of world <sup>(1)</sup>	1,0	64	814		960		
Total long-lived assets	\$ 33,8	<b>32</b> \$	36,314	\$	27,284		

(1) No individual country other than the United States and India exceeded 10% of our total long-lived assets for any period presented

## 15. Debt

## Revolving Credit Facility

On August 16, 2024 (the "Credit Agreement Closing Date"), we entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with the lenders party thereto and Bank of America, N.A., as lender and administrative agent (in such capacity, the "Agent"). The Credit Agreement provides for a revolving credit facility in the initial maximum aggregate principal amount of \$75.0

million (the "Revolving Facility"). The Revolving Facility includes the ability for the Company to request an increase to the commitments under the Revolving Facility by an additional aggregate principal amount of up to \$25.0 million. On the Credit Agreement Closing Date, the Company drew \$50.0 million on the Revolving Facility (the "Initial Revolving Loan"), the proceeds of which we used to fund the Book4Time acquisition described in Note 16 below. We repaid \$12.0 million, \$14.0 million, and \$12.0 million of the principal balance in October 2024, January 2025, and April 2025, respectively.

The Revolving Facility matures on August 16, 2027, the three-year anniversary of the Credit Agreement Closing Date, at which time any and all outstanding principal balance will be due and payable. The Company may voluntarily repay outstanding loans and terminate commitments under the Revolving Facility at any time without premium or penalty. There are no repayments required before August 16, 2027. Debt issuance costs relating to the Revolving Facility of \$0.3 million, included in other non-current assets on our condensed consolidated balance sheet, amortize into interest expense over the three-year life of the Credit Agreement.

Our obligations under the Revolving Facility are guaranteed by certain of the Company's subsidiaries (the "Subsidiary Guarantors"), subject to certain customary exceptions and limitations. Pursuant to a security and pledge agreement, dated as of the Credit Agreement Closing Date, among the Company, the Subsidiary Guarantors and the Agent, the Revolving Facility is secured by a first-priority lien on substantially all of the Company's and the Subsidiary Guarantors' present and future personal assets and intangible assets and the outstanding capital stock of the Company's subsidiaries owned by the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor, in each case, subject to certain customary exceptions and limitations.

The Initial Revolving Loan bears interest at the SOFR Daily Floating Rate (as defined in the Credit Agreement), plus an initial margin of 1.625%, which is subject to adjustment as of each fiscal quarter end within the ranges set forth in the Credit Agreement. We are to pay a commitment fee under the Revolving Facility in respect of any unutilized commitments thereunder, which is determined on a leverage-based sliding scale ranging from 0.225% to 0.325% per annum. The initial commitment fee is 0.275% subject to quarterly adjustment. We record the commitment fee as a component of interest expense. Interest and commitment fees are payable quarterly.

The Credit Agreement contains certain restrictive covenants, including financial covenants that require the Company to maintain a consolidated interest coverage ratio and a consolidated leverage ratio determined at the end of each fiscal quarter as defined in the Credit Agreement. We were in compliance with all financial covenants of the Credit Agreement as of March 31, 2025.

## **16.** Business Combinations

## ResortSuite

On January 5, 2022, we acquired all the issued and outstanding shares of ResortSuite Inc. ("ResortSuite"), a hospitality software company based in Canada. The Company recognized acquisition costs of \$0.5 million and \$0.2 million related to the acquisition of ResortSuite, consisting primarily of professional fees, during the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The consolidated statement of operations includes these costs in other charges. Effective April 1, 2022, ResortSuite became Agilysys Canada, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Agilysys, Inc.

## Book4Time

On August 20, 2024 (the "Acquisition Date"), we acquired all the issued and outstanding shares of Book4Time Parent, Inc. ("Book4Time"), a hospitality software company based in Canada. Book4Time is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of Agilysys, Inc. The consolidated financial statements include the results of Book4Time's operations since the Acquisition Date. The acquisition expands the opportunity to increase our solutions-per-customer globally.

The purchase price consisted of \$147.2 million of cash paid at closing, funded from cash on hand and the proceeds of the Initial Revolving Loan, and \$1.1 million of cash paid in March 2025 for settlement of certain post-closing adjustments partially offset by \$2.5 million of Book4Time's cash received in the acquisition, resulting in net cash consideration of \$145.8 million. We allocated the purchase price for Book4Time to the intangible and certain tangible assets acquired and certain liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values on the Acquisition Date, with the remaining unallocated purchase price recorded as goodwill. We determined the fair values assigned to identifiable intangible assets acquired primarily by using the income approach, which discounts the expected future cash flows to present value using estimates and assumptions determined by management.

The following table sets forth the components and the allocation of the purchase price for our acquisition of Book4Time:

(In thousands)	Total
Components of Purchase Price:	
Cash	\$ 148,280
Total purchase price	\$ 148,280
Allocation of Purchase Price:	
Net tangible assets (liabilities):	
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 1,623
Other current assets, including cash acquired	3,705
Other assets	623
Current and other liabilities	(1,973)
Deferred tax liabilities	(11,351)
Contract liabilities	(9,324)
Net tangible assets (liabilities)	(16,697)
Identifiable intangible assets:	
Customer relationships	35,800
Non-competition agreements	5,500
Developed technology	2,600
Trade names	17,100
Total identifiable intangible assets	61,000
Goodwill	 103,977
Total purchase price allocation	\$ 148,280

We assigned the acquired customer relationships, non-competition agreements, developed technology, and trade name estimated useful lives of 20 years, three years, five years, and 15 years, respectively, with a weighted average useful life of approximately 15.8 years. The identifiable intangible assets acquired amortize on a straight-line basis, which we believe approximates the pattern in which the assets are utilized, over their estimated useful lives.

The goodwill recognized in the Book4Time purchase price allocation is attributable to synergies in products and technologies to serve a broader customer base, and the addition of a skilled, assembled workforce, which is not separable from goodwill under FASB Accounting Standards Codification 805. As part of the acquisition, the Company acquired fully trained personnel thereby avoiding the expenditure that would have been required to hire and train equivalent personnel. We considered the replacement cost method as most appropriate for the assembled workforce valuation. We valued the assembled workforce included in goodwill at \$1.5 million. The total goodwill recognized in the acquisition amounted to \$104.0 million, which is not deductible for income tax purposes.

As part of the acquisition, we recorded current liabilities of \$0.7 million for uncertain tax positions we identified during the acquisition, including estimated penalties and interest, and certain associated professional fees payable. We recorded a related indemnification asset of \$0.7 million in current assets covered by funds held in escrow under the terms of the share purchase agreement and escrow agreement we entered into with the sellers of Book4Time.

The Company recognized acquisition costs of \$2.2 million related to the acquisition of Book4Time, consisting primarily of professional fees, during the year ended March 31, 2025. The consolidated statement of operations includes these costs in other charges, net.

Revenue attributable to Book4Time included in our condensed consolidated statement of operations was \$11.4 million for the year ended March 31, 2025. Net income was not material.

## Unaudited Pro-Forma Information

The financial information in the table below summarizes the combined results of operations of Agilysys and Book4Time, on a pro forma basis, as though the companies had been combined as of the beginning of the periods presented. The pro forma financial information is presented for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved if the acquisition had taken place on April 1, 2022 or of results that may occur in the future.

The following unaudited pro forma financial information for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2025 combines the historical results of Agilysys and of Book4Time, as converted to U.S. GAAP, for the respective periods:

	Year Ended March 31,						
	2025		2024		2023		
(In thousands)	Pr	Pro Forma		Pro Forma		Pro Forma	
Revenue	\$	282,570	\$	253,469	\$	209,997	
Net income	\$	26,153	\$	81,882	\$	4,952	

We based the foregoing pro forma results on estimates and assumptions that we believe are reasonable. The pro forma results include adjustments primarily related to purchase accounting. We included acquisition costs and other non-recurring charges incurred in the earliest period presented.

# 17. Preferred Stock

## Series A Convertible Preferred Stock

On May 22, 2020, we completed the sale of 1,735,457 shares of our preferred stock, without par value, designated as "Series A Convertible Preferred Stock" (the "Convertible Preferred Stock") to MAK Capital Fund L.P. and MAK Capital Distressed Debt Fund I, LP (the "Holders") each, in its capacity as a designee of MAK Capital One LLC (the "Purchaser"), pursuant to the terms of the Investment Agreement, dated as of May 11, 2020, between the Company and the Purchaser, for an aggregate purchase price of \$35 million. We incurred issuance costs of \$1.0 million. We added all issuance costs that were netted against the proceeds upon issuance of the Convertible Preferred Stock to its redemption value. As disclosed in our Annual Report for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021, Michael Kaufman, the Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors, is the Chief Executive Officer of MAK Capital One LLC.

## Conversion

On November 24, 2023, at our option, we required conversion of all the outstanding shares of Convertible Preferred Stock to common stock. On November 27, 2023, we filed a Certificate of Elimination with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware with respect to the Convertible Preferred Stock pursuant to which the Convertible Preferred Stock was eliminated and returned to the status of authorized and unissued preferred shares of the Company. Following the mandatory conversion of the outstanding shares of the Convertible Preferred Stock. Accordingly, we removed the Series A convertible preferred stock, no par value from temporary equity on our consolidated balance sheet and recorded the associated increase of common shares at \$0.30 stated value and capital in excess of stated value further reflected in our consolidated statement of shareholders' equity.

## Dividends

Prior to the conversion on November 24, 2023, the Holders were entitled to dividends on the Liquidation Preference at the rate of 5.25% per annum, payable semi-annually either (i) 50% in cash and 50% in kind as an increase in the then-current Liquidation Preference or (ii) 100% in cash, at the option of the Company. We paid dividends in the same period as declared by the Company's Board of Directors.

## Accounting Policy

Prior to the conversion on November 24, 2023, we classified convertible preferred stock as temporary equity in the consolidated balance sheets due to certain contingent redemption clauses that were at the election of the Holders. We increased the carrying value of the convertible preferred stock to its redemption value for all undeclared dividends using the interest method.

## **18. Subsequent Events**

None.

## **19. Related Party Transaction**

See Note 17, *Preferred Stock*, for description of the MAK Capital investment in the Company. Michael Kaufman, the Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors, is the Chief Executive Officer of MAK Capital.

## Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts Years ended March 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023

(In thousands)	 lance at ginning of year	С	arged to osts and openses	De	eductions	 alance at end of year
2025						
Deferred tax valuation allowance	\$ 2,938	\$	_	\$	(1,598)	\$ 1,340
Allowance for expected credit losses	\$ 974	\$	591	\$	(938)	\$ 627
2024						
Deferred tax valuation allowance	\$ 67,928	\$		\$	(64,990)	\$ 2,938
Allowance for expected credit losses	\$ 610	\$	2,118	\$	(1,754)	\$ 974
2023					,	
Deferred tax valuation allowance	\$ 69,515	\$		\$	(1,587)	\$ 67,928
Allowance for expected credit losses	\$ 318	\$	620	\$	(328)	\$ 610

#### Item 9. Change in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosures.

None.

## Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") and Corporate Controller and Treasurer, as Principal Accounting Officer ("PAO"), evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the CEO, CFO, and PAO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the periods so f the end of the period covered by this report are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports filed under the Exchange Act of 1934 is (i) recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the CEO, CFO, and PAO, as appropriate to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

## Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The management of Agilysys, under the supervision of the CEO, CFO, and PAO, is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f). Under the supervision of our CEO, CFO, and PAO, management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2025 based on the framework in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). In performing the evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, because we acquired Book4Time Parent, Inc. ("Book4Time") in a business acquisition on August 20, 2024 as described in Part II, Item 8, Note 16, *Business Combinations*, to our consolidated financial statements, our management has excluded the operations of Book4Time in accordance with the SEC's general guidance that an assessment of a recently acquired business may be omitted from the scope of the evaluation for a period of up to one year following the acquisition. Total assets (excluding goodwill and intangible assets acquired) and revenue subject to Book4Time's internal control over financial reporting represented approximately 2% and 4% of our consolidated total assets and revenue, respectively, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025. Based on the evaluation, management concluded that Agilysys maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2025.

Grant Thornton LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm, issued their report regarding Agilysys' internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2025, which is included elsewhere in this annual report.

#### Change in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

No changes in our internal control over financial reporting occurred during the last quarter of fiscal 2025 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including our CEO, CFO, and PAO, does not expect that our disclosure controls or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system will be achieved. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the impact of resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the possibility that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple errors. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by individual acts, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all possible conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with policies or procedures. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

#### Item 9B. Other Information

None.

# Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections

Not applicable.

## Part III

#### Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

The information required by this Item is set forth in our 2025 Proxy Statement under the headings "Election of Directors," "Executive Officers" and "Corporate Governance" and are incorporated herein by reference. Information with respect to compliance with Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 by our Directors, executive officers, and holders of more than five percent of Agilysys' equity securities will be set forth in the 2025 Proxy Statement under the heading "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance."

We adopted a Code of Business Conduct that applies to all Directors and employees of Agilysys, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. The Code is available on our website at <u>http://www.agilysys.com</u>.

#### Item 11. Executive Compensation.

The information required by this Item is set forth in our 2025 Proxy Statement under the headings, "Executive Compensation," "Director Compensation," "Compensation Committee Report," "Corporate Governance," and "Compensation Discussion and Analysis," which is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Shareholder Matters.

The information required by this Item is set forth in our 2025 Proxy Statement under the headings "Beneficial Ownership of Common Shares," and "Equity Compensation Plan Information," which information is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.

The information required by this item is set forth in our 2025 Proxy Statement under the headings "Corporate Governance" and "Related Person Transactions," which information is incorporated herein by reference.

## Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.

The information required by this Item is set forth in our 2025 Proxy Statement under the heading "Ratification of Appointment of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm," which information is incorporated herein by reference.

# PART IV

## Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

(a)(1) *Financial statements*. The following consolidated financial statements are included herein and are incorporated by reference in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report:

Report of Grant Thornton LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2025 and 2024

Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended March 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the years ended March 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended March 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023

Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the years ended March 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(a)(2) *Financial statement schedule*. The following financial statement schedule is included herein and is incorporated by reference in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report:

Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

All other schedules have been omitted since they are not applicable or the required information is included in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

(a)(3) *Exhibits.* Exhibits included herein and those incorporated by reference are listed in the Exhibit Index of this Annual Report.

## Item 16. Form 10-K Summary.

None.

## Agilysys, Inc.

## Exhibit Index

Exhibit No.	Description
2.1	Plan of Conversion of Agilysys, Inc., an Ohio corporation into Agilysys, Inc., a Delaware corporation, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 9, 2022 (File No. 000-05734).
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of Agilysys, Inc., which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 9, 2022 (File No. 000-05734).
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of Agilysys, Inc., which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 13, 2023 (File No. 000-05734).
3.3	Bylaws of Agilysys, Inc., which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 9, 2022 (File No. 000-05734).
3.4	First Amendment to Bylaws of Agilysys, Inc., which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 31, 2023 (File No. 000-05734).
4	Description of Registrant's Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 12, 2024 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.1	Agilysys, Inc. 2016 Stock Incentive Plan, which is incorporated herein by reference to Appendix B to Agilysys, Inc.'s Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed August 15, 2016 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.2	Form of Stock Settled Appreciation Rights Agreement under the Agilysys, Inc. 2016 Stock Incentive Plan, which is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2018 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.3	Form of Directors Restricted Share Award Agreement under the Agilysys, Inc. 2016 Stock Incentive Plan, which is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2018 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.4	Form of Restricted Share Award Agreement under the Agilysys, Inc. 2016 Stock Incentive Plan, which is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2018 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.5	Form of Executive Employment Agreement, which is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 31, 2018 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.6	Stock Appreciation Right Agreement dated January 3, 2017, by and between Agilysys, Inc. and Ramesh Srinivasan, which is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10(s) to Agilysys, Inc.'s. Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2017 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.7	Stock Appreciation Right Agreement dated February 10, 2020, by and between Agilysys, Inc. and Ramesh Srinivasan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Amendment to Annual Report on Form 10-K filed May 22, 2020 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.8	Agilysys, Inc. 2020 Equity Incentive Plan, as Amended and Restated, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.9	Agilysys, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.10	Amendment to Agilysys, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed January 25, 2024 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.11	Second Amendment to Agilysys, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed July 26, 2024 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.12	Form of Stock Appreciation Rights Agreement (Time Vesting) pursuant to Agilysys, Inc. 2020 Equity Incentive Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the guarter ended December 31, 2020 (File No. 000-05734).

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*10.13	Form Stock Appreciation Rights Agreement (Performance Vesting) pursuant to Agilysys, Inc. 2020 Equity Incentive Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10- Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.14	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement pursuant to Agilysys, Inc. 2020 Equity Incentive Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.15	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement for Non-Employee Directors pursuant to 2020 Equity Incentive Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.16	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement for Ramesh Srinivasan pursuant to the Agilysys, Inc. 2020 Equity Incentive Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 14, 2023 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.17	Agilysys, Inc. Amended and Restated 2024 Equity Incentive Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed September 18, 2024 (File No. 333-282198).
*10.18	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement pursuant to the Agilysys, Inc. Amended and Restated 2024 Equity Incentive Plan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10- Q filed January 21, 2025 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.19	Form of Indemnification Agreement entered into by and between Agilysys, Inc. and each of its Directors and Officers, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 9, 2022 (File No. 000-05734).
*10.20	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement dated March 10, 2023, by and between Agilysys, Inc. and Ramesh Srinivasan, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 14, 2023 (File No. 000-05734).
****10.21	Credit Agreement, dated August 16, 2024, by and among Agilysys, Inc., the lender parties thereto, and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 20, 2024 (File No. 000-05734).
****10.22	Security and Pledge Agreement, dated August 16, 2024, by and among Agilysys, Inc., the guarantors parties thereto, and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 20, 2024 (File No. 000-05734).
19	Agilysys, Inc. Insider Trading Policy, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 19 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed May 22, 2024 (File No. 000-05734).
**21	Subsidiaries of the Registrant.
**23.1	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.
**31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
**31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
**31.3	Certification of Corporate Controller and Treasurer Pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
***32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Controller and Treasurer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
97	Agilysys, Inc. Clawback Policy, which is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 97 to Agilysys, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed May 22, 2024 (File No. 000-05734).
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema With Embedded Linkbase Documents
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)
*	Denotes a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

\*\* Filed herewith

- \*\*\* The certification attached as Exhibit 32 that accompanies this Annual Report on Form 10-K is not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of Registrant under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, whether made before or after the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.
- \*\*\*\* Schedules have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K. The Company hereby agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of any omitted schedule to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.

## Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Alpharetta, State of Georgia, on May 22, 2025.

AGILYSYS, INC.

/s/ Ramesh Srinivasan Ramesh Srinivasan President, Chief Executive Officer and Director

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities indicated on May 22, 2025.

Signature	Title
/s/ Ramesh Srinivasan Ramesh Srinivasan	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)
/s/ William David Wood III William David Wood III	Chief Financial Officer, (Principal Financial Officer)
/s/ Chris J. Robertson Chris J. Robertson	Corporate Controller and Treasurer (Principal Accounting Officer)
/s/ Michael A. Kaufman Michael A. Kaufman	Chairman and Director
/s/ Donald A. Colvin Donald A. Colvin	Director
/s/ Gerald C. Jones Gerald C. Jones	Director
/s/ John Mutch John Mutch	Director
/s/ Melvin L. Keating Melvin L. Keating	Director
/s/ Dana Jones Dana Jones	Director
/s/ Lisa Pope Lisa Pope	Director

# SUBSIDIARIES OF AGILYSYS, INC.

	State or jurisdiction of organization or
Subsidiaries of Agilysys, Inc.	incorporation
Agilysys NV, LLC	Delaware
Agilysys China Holdings Ltd.	Hong Kong
Agilysys HK Limited	Hong Kong
Agilysys MC Limited	Macau Davada in Davada in a Cohina
Agilysys Hospitality Solutions (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	People's Republic of China
Agilysys Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
Agilysys Philippines, Inc.	Philippines
Agilysys UK Ltd.	United Kingdom
Agilysys Technologies India Private Limited	India
Agilysys Australia Pty Ltd	Australia
Agilysys Canada, Inc.	Canada
Book4Time Inc.	Canada
Book4Time Asia, Ltd. Corp	Philippines
Agilysys Solutions LLC-FZ	United Arab Emirates

#### CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We have issued our reports dated May 22, 2025, with respect to the consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report of Agilysys, Inc. on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2025. We consent to the incorporation by reference of said reports in the Registration Statements of Agilysys, Inc. on Form S-8 (File No. 333-282198).

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Atlanta, Georgia May 22, 2025

## CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, Ramesh Srinivasan, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Agilysys, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a). Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b). Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c). Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d). Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b). Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 22, 2025

By: /s/ Ramesh Srinivasan Ramesh Srinivasan President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

## CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, William David Wood III, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Agilysys, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a). Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b). Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c). Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d). Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b). Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 22, 2025

By: /s/ William David Wood III William David Wood III Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

## CERTIFICATION OF THE CORPORATE CONTROLLER AND TREASURER

I, Chris J. Robertson, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Agilysys, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a). Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b). Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c). Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d). Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a). All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b). Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 22, 2025

By: /s/ Chris J. Robertson Chris J. Robertson Corporate Controller and Treasurer (Principal Accounting Officer)

#### CERTIFICATION

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act 2002

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Ramesh Srinivasan, the Chief Executive Officer, William David Wood III, the Chief Financial Officer, and Chris J. Robertson, the Corporate Controller and Treasurer, of Agilysys, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certify, that, to their knowledge:

- 1. The Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the annual period ended March 31, 2025 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: May 22, 2025

By: /s/ Ramesh Srinivasan Ramesh Srinivasan President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

> /s/ William David Wood III William David Wood III Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ Chris J. Robertson Chris J. Robertson Corporate Controller and Treasurer (Principal Accounting Officer)